

# Microfluidics, crystallization and crystallography

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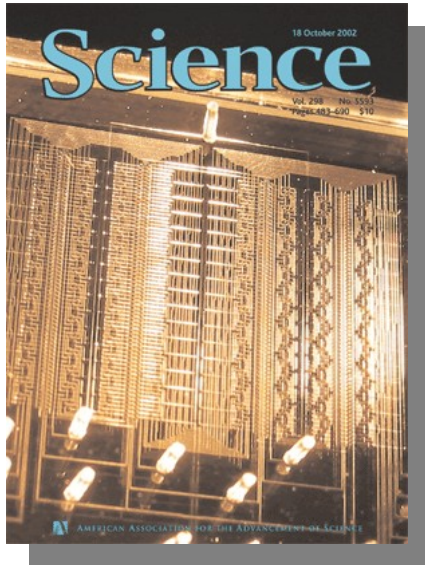
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*Strasbourg – France*

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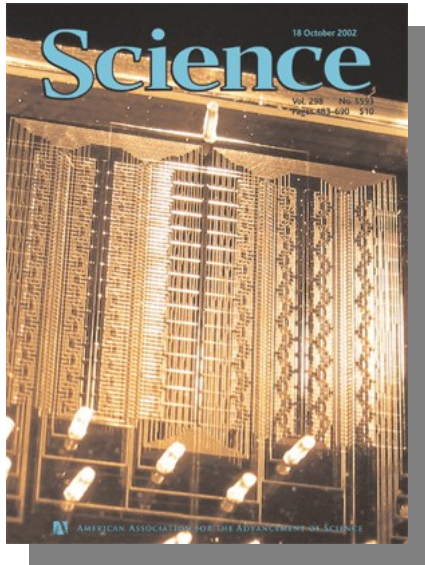
# Microfluidic technology



Thorsen et al.  
Science (2002)  
Integrated fluidic  
circuit

- ✓ handling small volumes of solution
- ✓ parallel processing of samples
- ✓ small – fast – low cost
- ✓ lab-on-a-chip concept
- ✓ many applications in biomedical diagnostic, chemistry, molecular biology...

# Microfluidic technology



Thorsen et al.  
Science (2002)  
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- ✓ handling small volumes of solution
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- ✓ lab-on-a-chip concept
- ✓ many applications in biomedical diagnostic, chemistry, molecular biology...

## ***Advantages for crystal-growth***

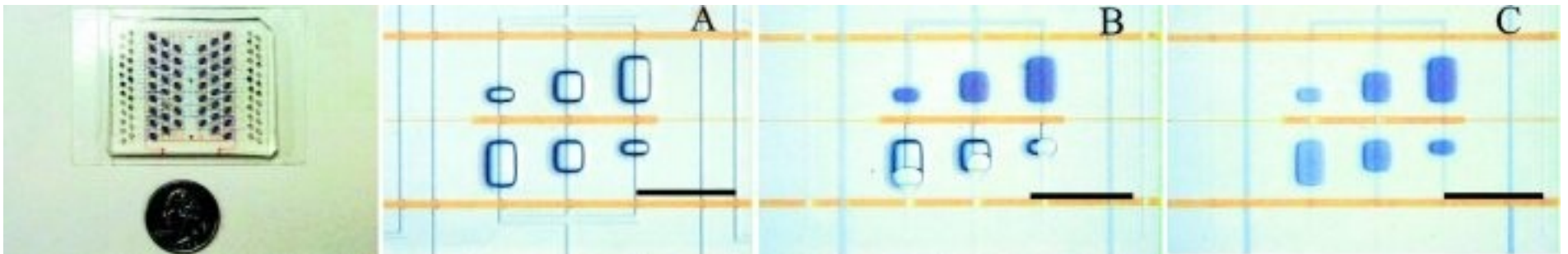
- ✓ limited samples
- ✓ high throughput screening
- ✓ convection-free environment

# Free Interface Diffusion application



Hansen et al.  
PNAS (2002)

- ✓ multilayer soft lithography
- ✓ PDMS chip with integrated valves
- ✓ nanochambers of crystallization (5-20 nl) connected by a diffusion channel
- ✓ high throughput screening
- ✓ Free Interface Diffusion (FID)

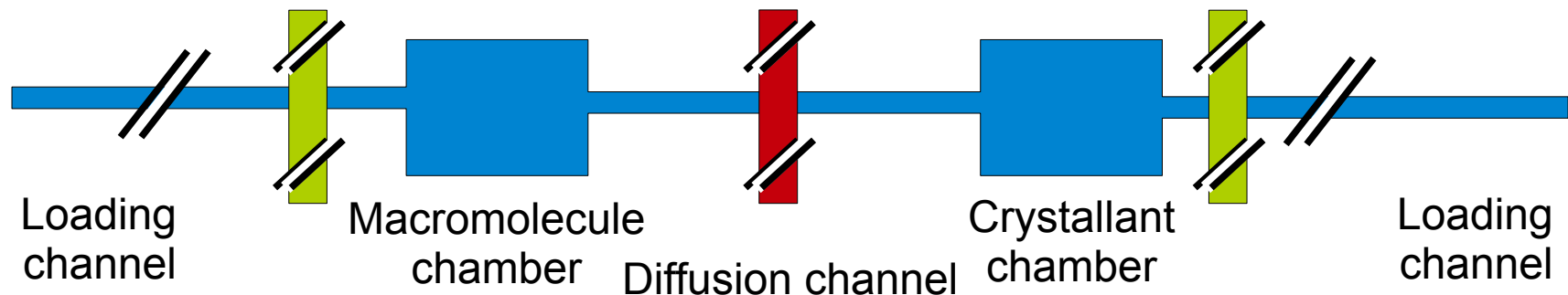
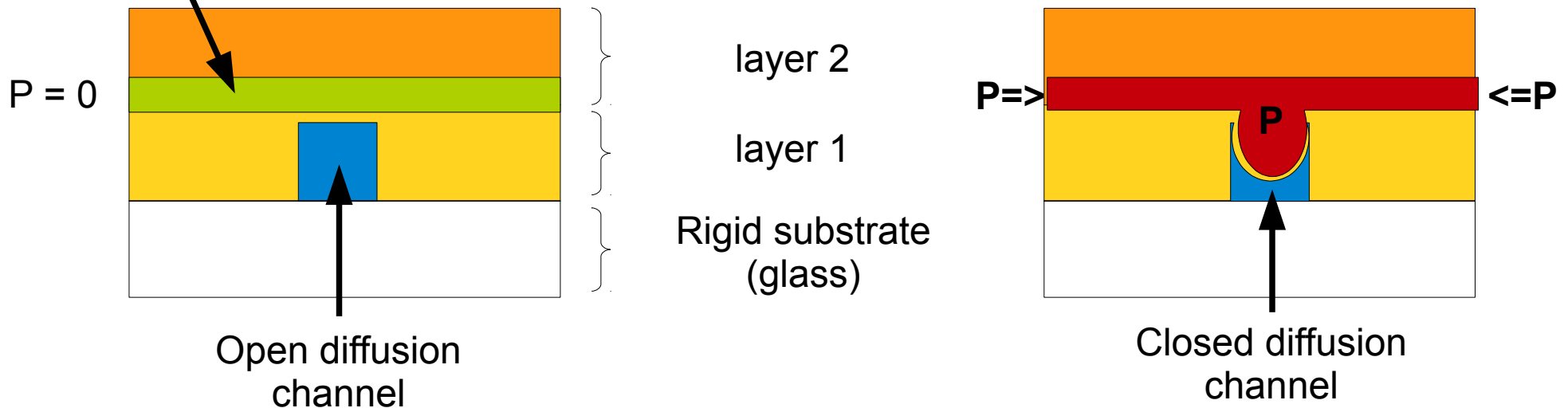


Quake group - Caltech

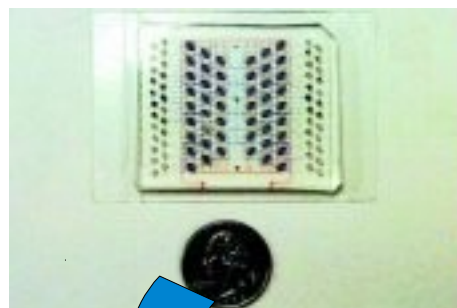
# Free Interface Diffusion application

- ✓ multilayer soft lithography
- ✓ PDMS chip with integrated valves

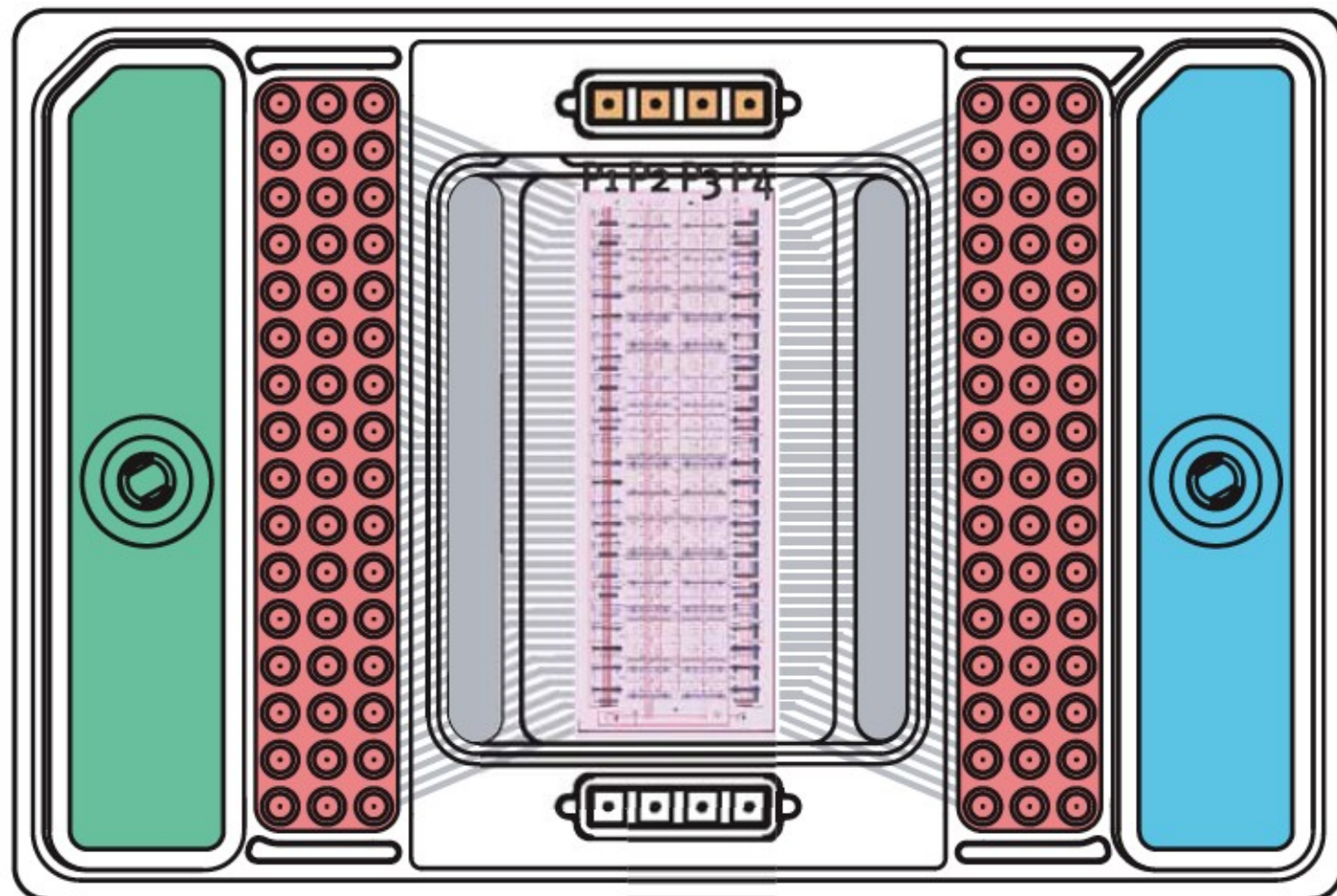
Air channel  
(valve)



# Topaz 1.46, 1.96, 4.96 by Fluidigm



SBS format



- Protein Inlets
- Reagent Inlets
- Hydration Reservoirs

- Integrated Fluidic Circuit (IFC)
- Interface Accumulator
- Containment Accumulator

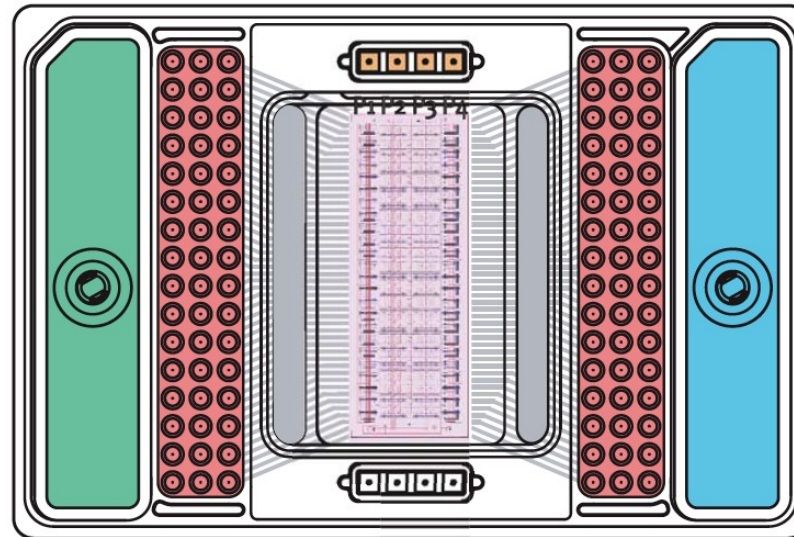
# Free Interface Diffusion application



Great ...but

- ✓ Extra equipment is required
- ✓ PDMS is gaz permeable...
- ✓ Scale-up can be an issue
- ✓ FID chips are still expensive

200 € / chip



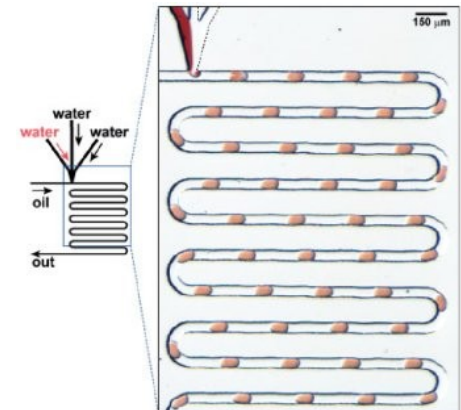
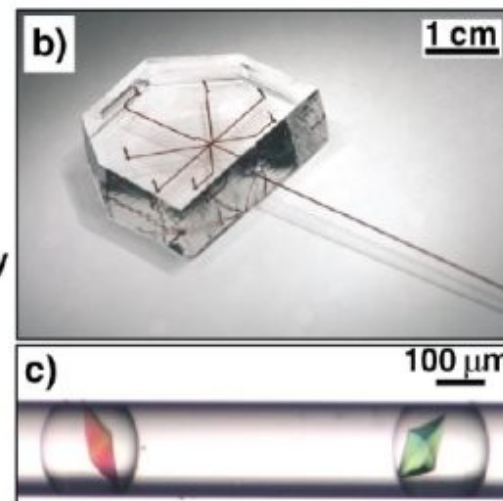
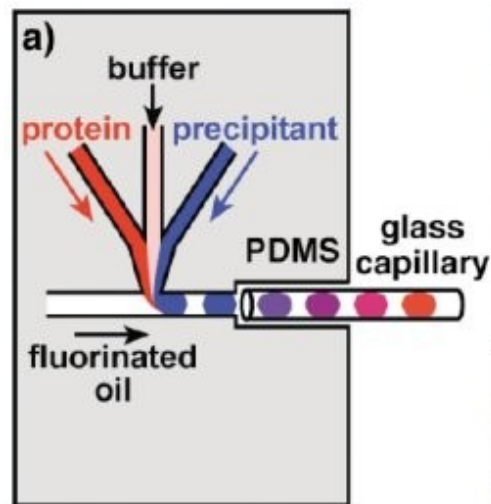
# Nanobatch chip

- ✓ PDMS chip with mixing channels
- ✓ production of nanodroplets (10-20 nl)
- ✓ high throughput screening
- ✓ X-ray analysis in capillary tubes
- ✓ Plugs with lipidic cubic phase



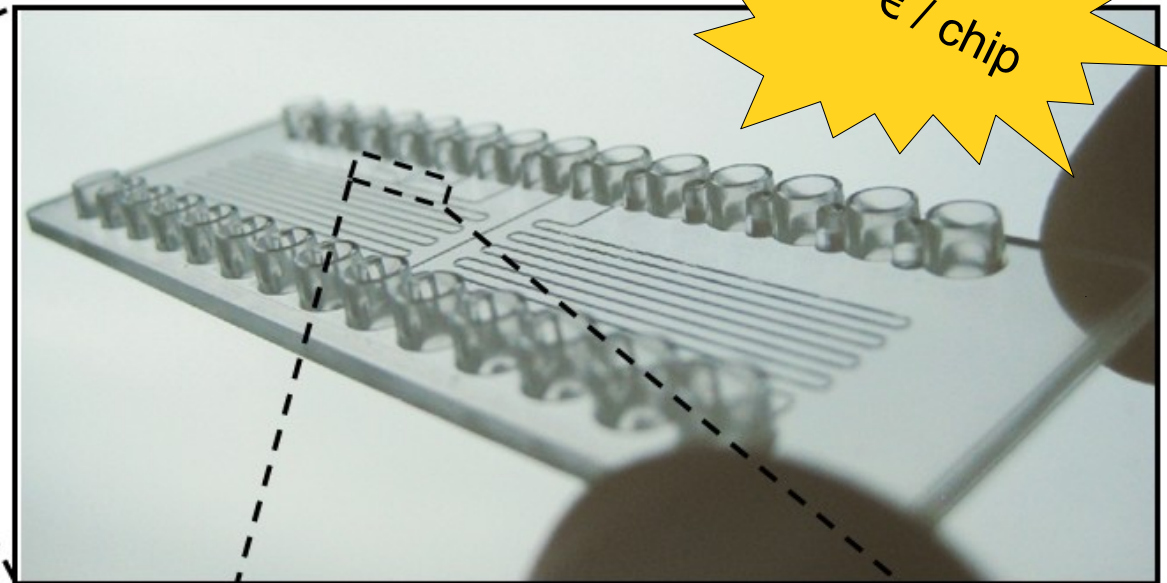
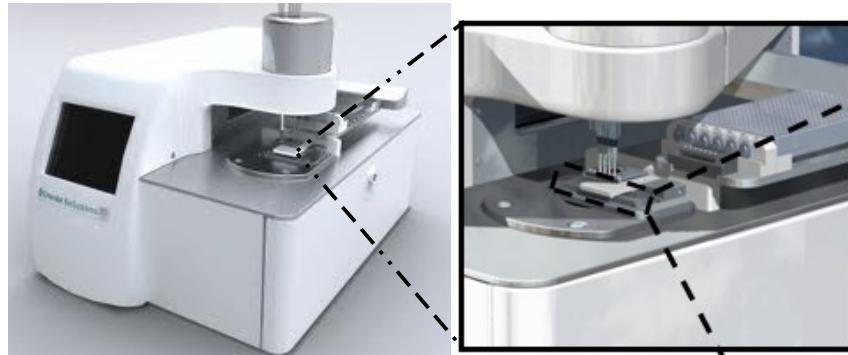
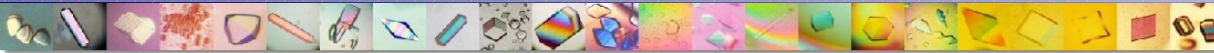
Li et al. Microfluid Nanofluid (2010)

Zheng et al.  
Ang. Chem. (2004)



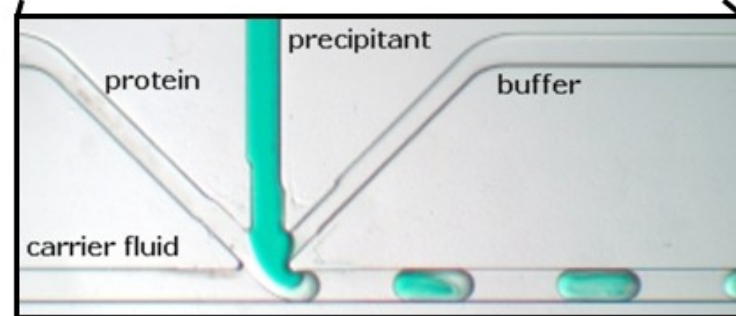
Ismagilov group  
University of Chicago

# MPCS Plug Maker by Emerald BioScience



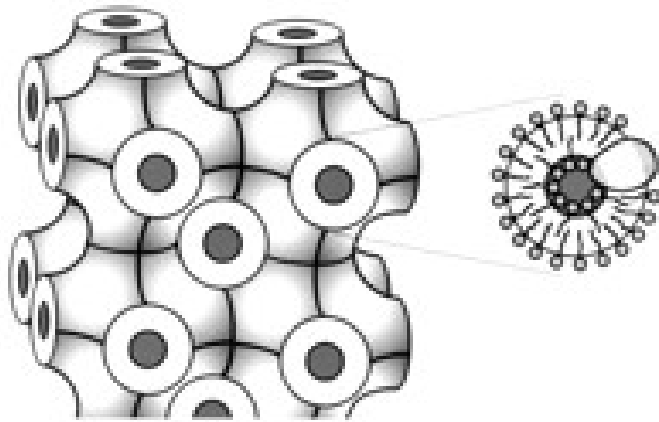
50 € / chip

- ✓ Microcapillary Protein Crystallization System™
- ✓ 10 nl plugs
- ✓ 800 experiments / 4 µl sample
- ✓ Lipidic cubic phase friendly?



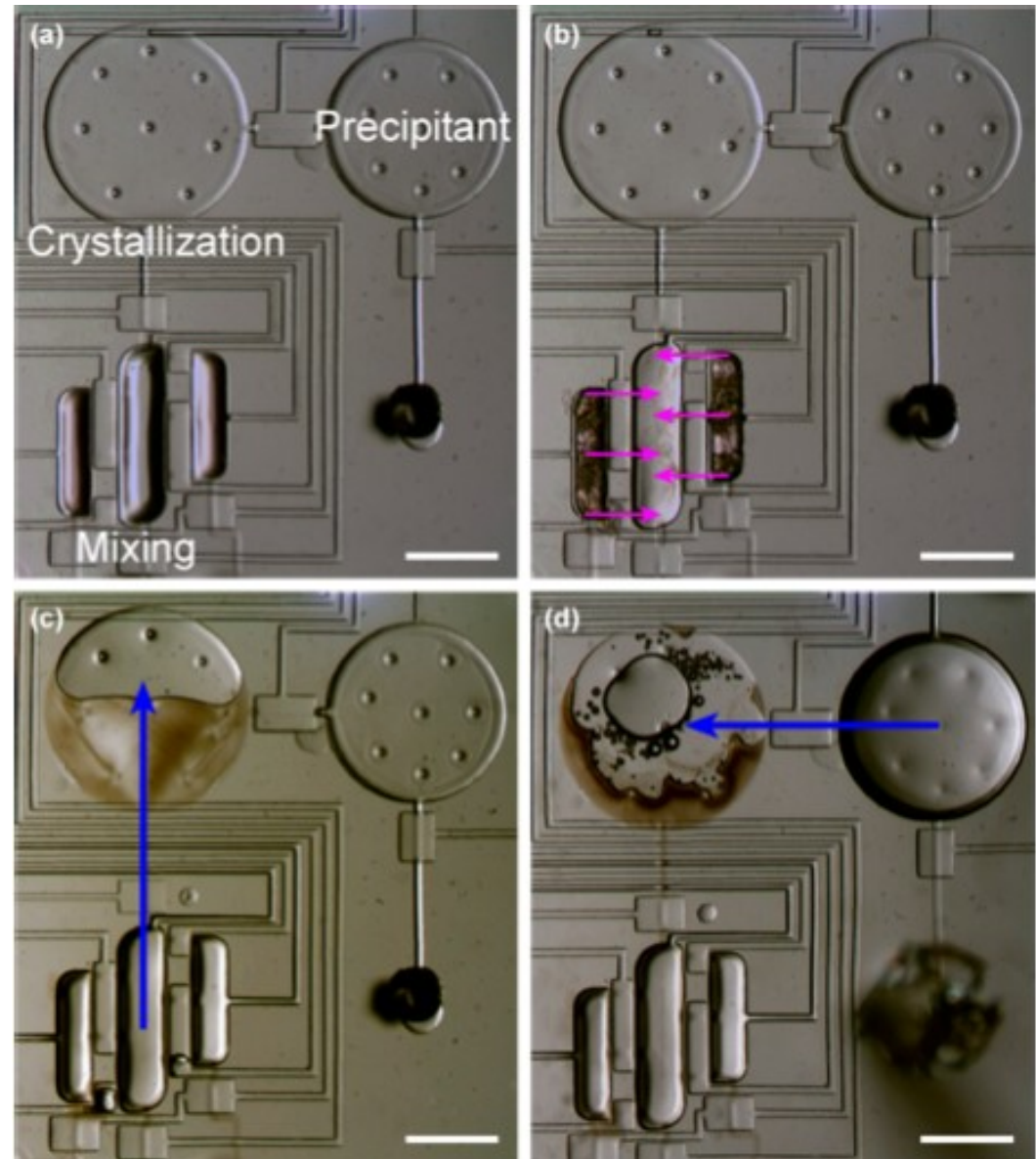
Christensen et al. Acta Cryst. F (2011)

# Membrane protein crystallization



- ✓ Lipidic cubic phases = highly viscous
- ✓ Dedicated LCP mixer
- ✓ FID crystallization

Perry et al. CGD (2009)  
Kenis group  
University of Illinois



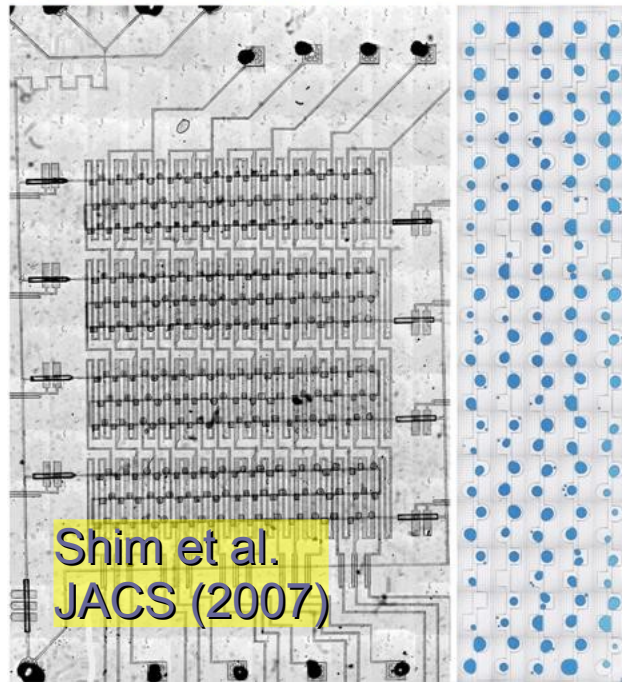
# In brief

- ✓ High level of parallelization
- ✓ Ideal for HTP screening
- ✓ Nanovolumes of sample
- ✓ Two major issues:
  - ✓ scale-up?
  - ✓ cost?

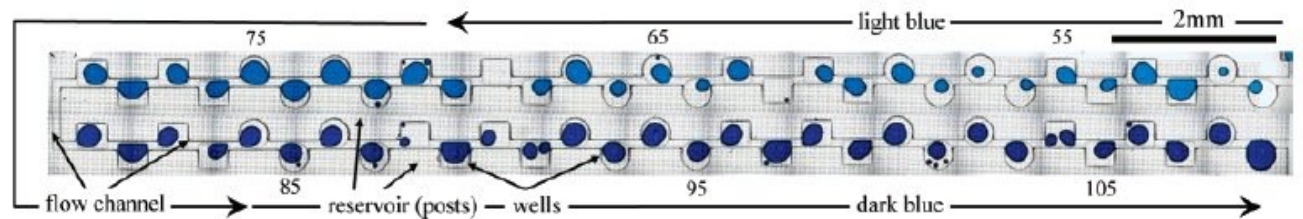
The background of the slide is a photograph of numerous microfluidic chips, which are small, square, multi-layered devices used for precise fluid control. They are scattered across a light-colored surface. The text is centered over this background.

**Microfluidic tools  
for crystallography**

# Phase chip

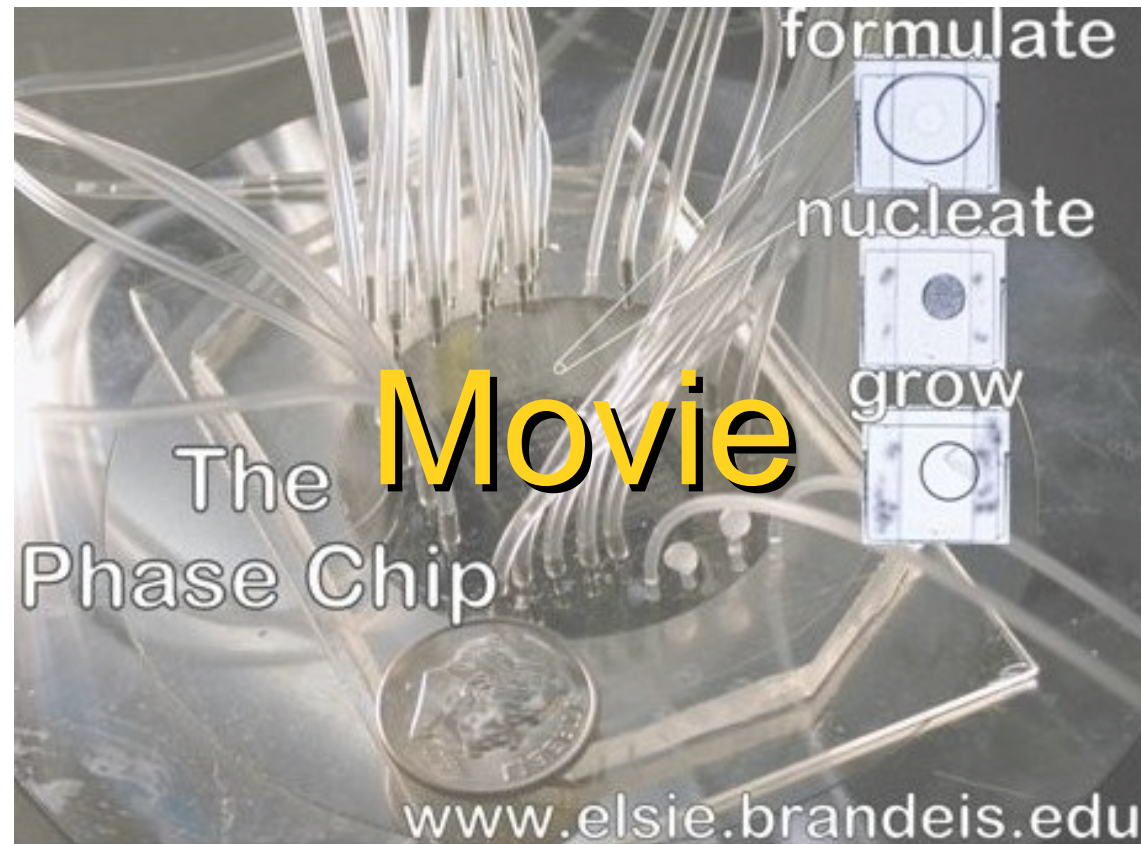


- ✓ multilayer PDMS microfluidic for batch experiments
- ✓ exploits the permeation of water through PDMS in order to vary the solutes' concentration
- ✓ determination of phase diagrams
- ✓ manipulation of the kinetics of nucleation and growth
- ✓ temperature control [Selimovic et al LOC \(2010\)](#)

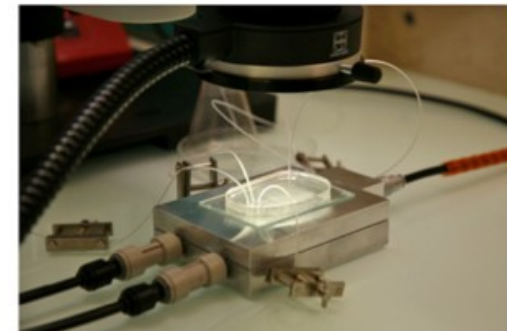
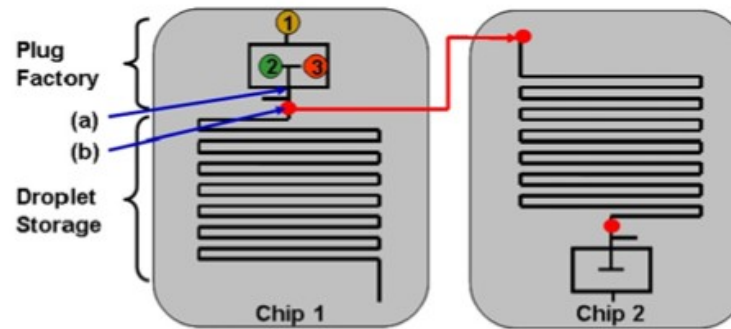
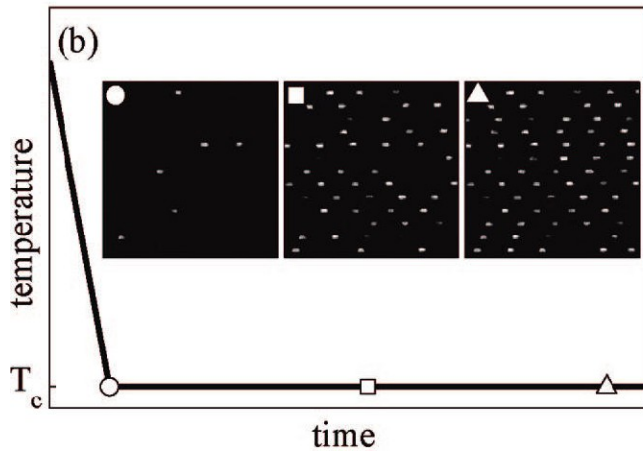
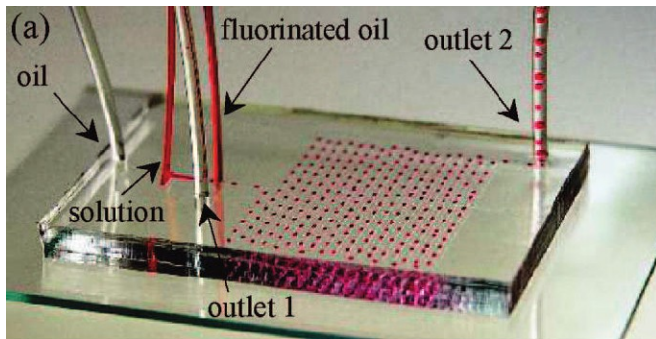


Fraden group - Brandeis University

# Phase chip



# Studying nucleation kinetics, polymorphs...



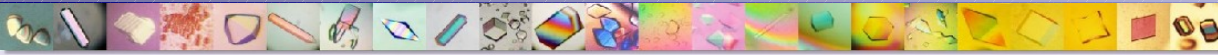
Ildefonso et al. JCG (2010)

Veesler group – CiNaM Marseille

Laval et al. Langmuir (2009)

Salmon group – LOF Bordeaux

# In brief

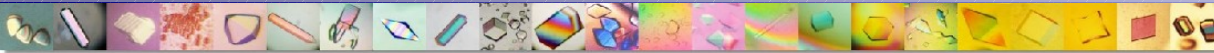


- ✓ Nanodroplets = thousands of individual experiments
- ✓ Statistical quantification
- ✓ Spatial & temporal control
  - ✓ of nucleation
  - ✓ of crystal growth
- ✓ Monitoring of the phase diagram

The background of the slide is a light blue, textured surface. Scattered across this surface are numerous 3D cubes of varying sizes and orientations. Each cube is rendered with a gradient of colors, primarily in shades of blue, purple, and cyan, giving them a three-dimensional appearance. The cubes are distributed across the entire frame, with some appearing larger and more prominent than others.

**ChipX project:  
X-tallization and  
on chip X-ray analysis**

# The CD crystallization chip



## ***The project***

- ✓ crystallization chip using counter-diffusion (CD)
- ✓ transparent material (observation, X-ray diffraction)
- ✓ easy to use => no valve, no pump
- ✓ simple design => *low cost chip?!?*
- ✓ lab-on-a-chip concept: from solution to diffraction

Rosaria Ferrigno

Chantal Khan-Malek  
Bernard Gauthier-Manuel  
Gaël Thuillier

Lilian Jacquamet  
Jérémy Ohanna  
Jean-Luc Ferrer

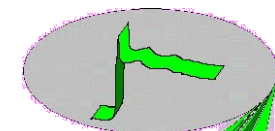
INL  
Univ. Claude Bernard  
Lyon I



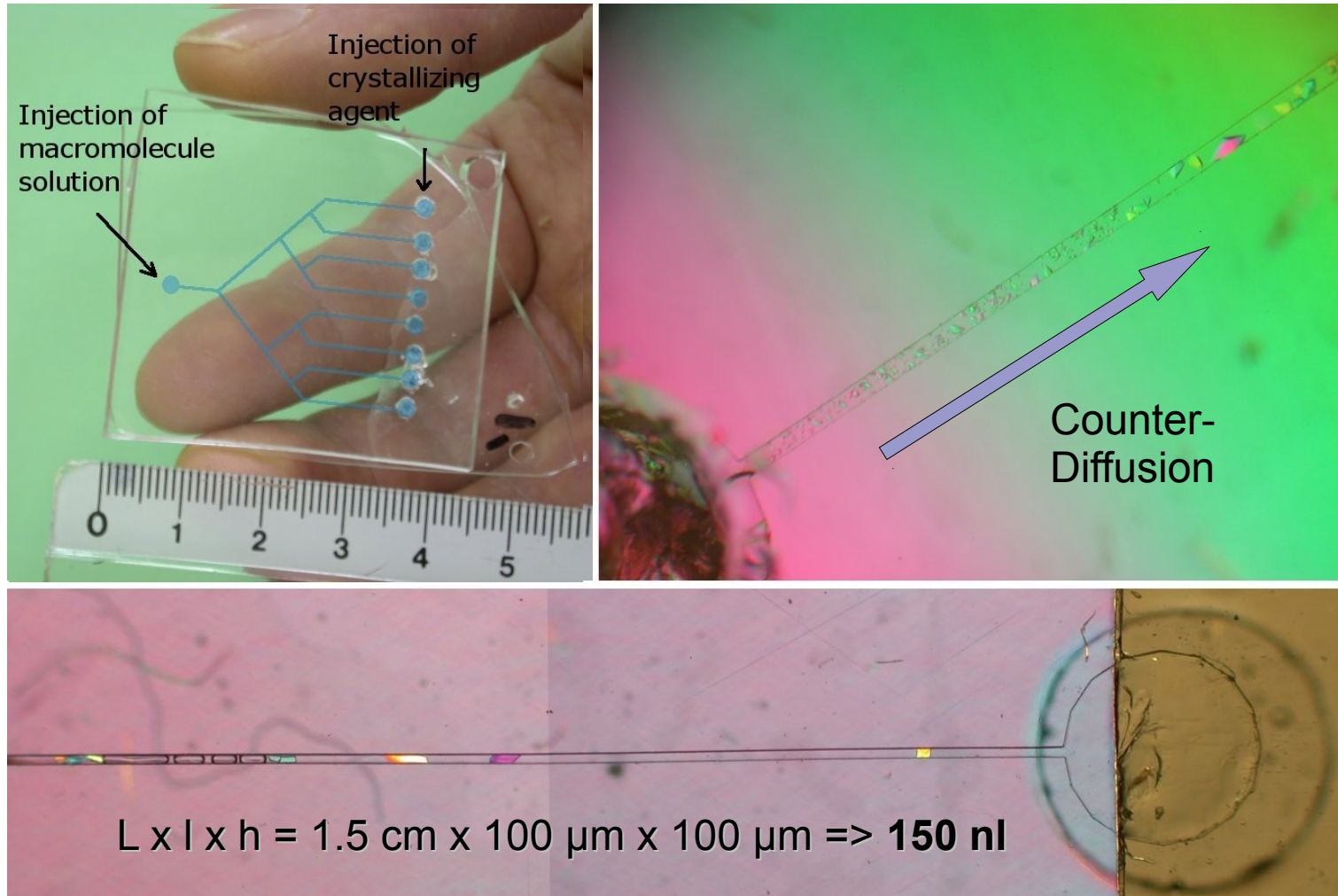
FEMTO-ST – UMR 6174  
Département LPMO  
Besançon



CRG – FIP  
ESRF – IBS – CNRS  
Grenoble



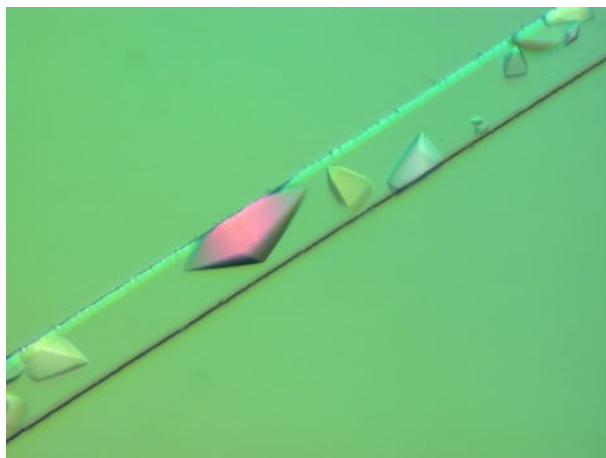
# Crystallization assays



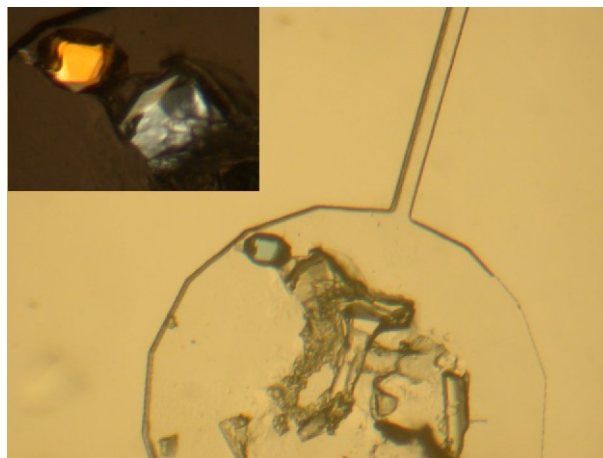
# Crystallization assays



**thaumatin (22 kDa)**



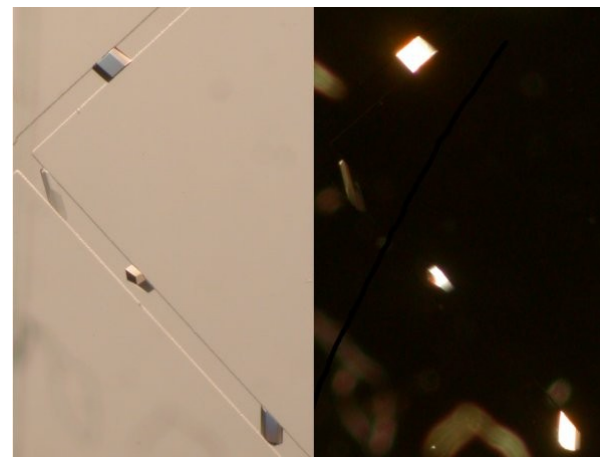
**hen egg white lysozyme  
(HEWL – 14 kDa)**



**$\beta$  clamp (75 kDa)**

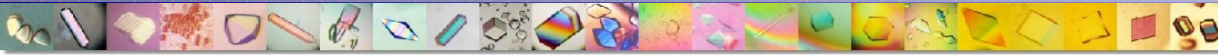


**turnip yellow  
mosaic virus  
(TYMV –  
 $5.5 \cdot 10^6$  kDa)**

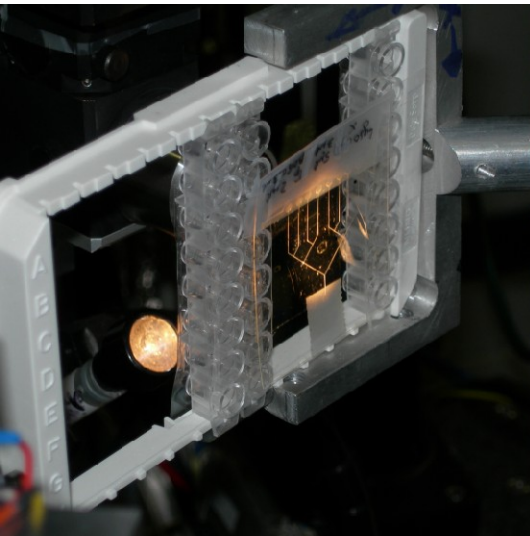


**turkey egg  
white lysozyme  
(TEWL – 14 kDa)**

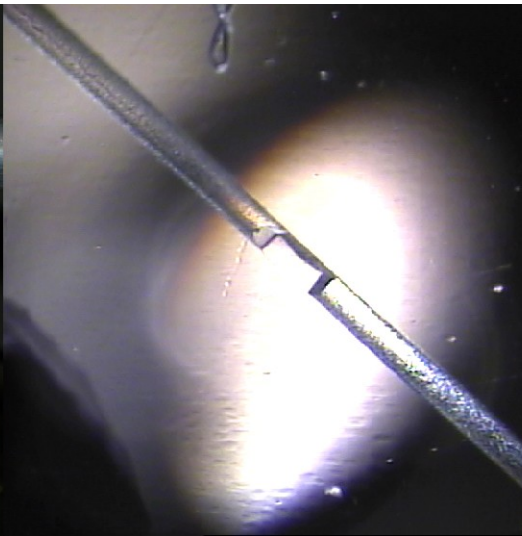
# Towards 'on chip' diffraction analysis



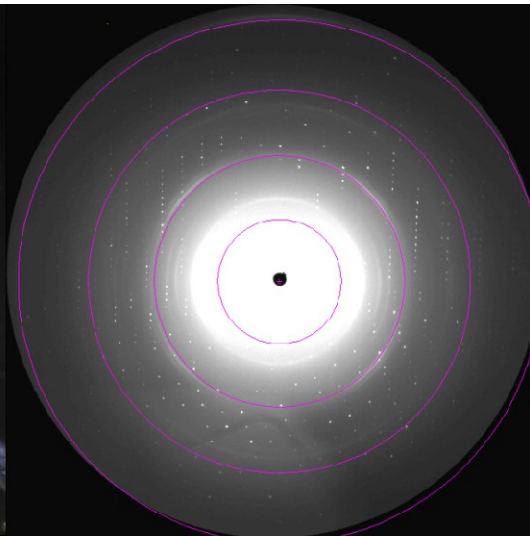
## *Analysis of hen egg white lysozyme crystals*



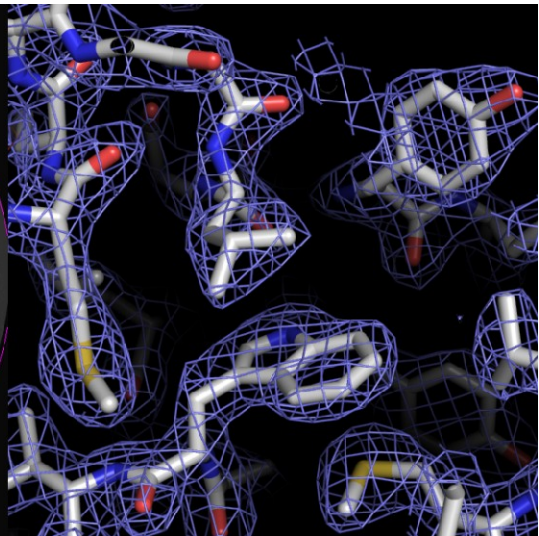
Chip held by  
robotic arm



Crystal in  
 $\mu$ fluidic channel

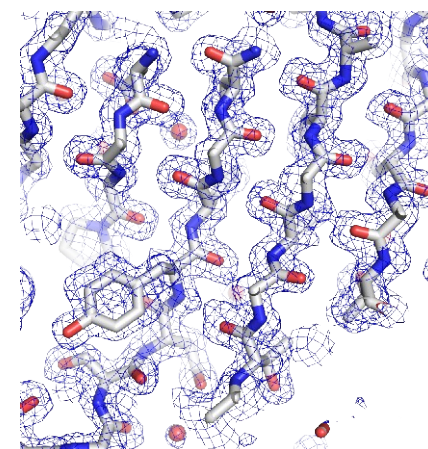
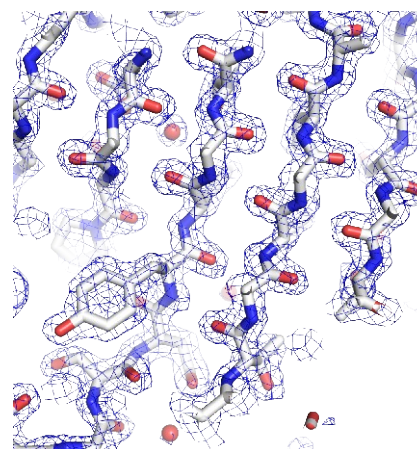
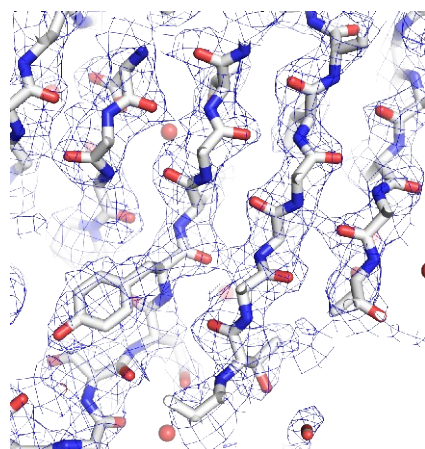
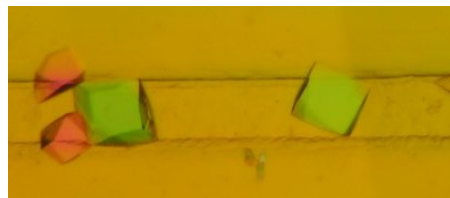
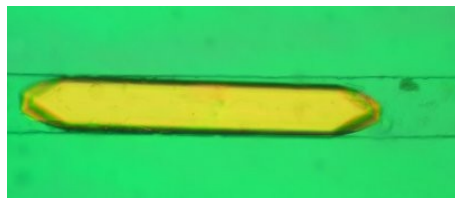
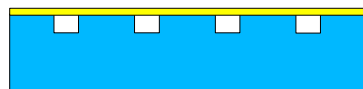


On chip  
diffraction



Electron density  
map (2.15Å)

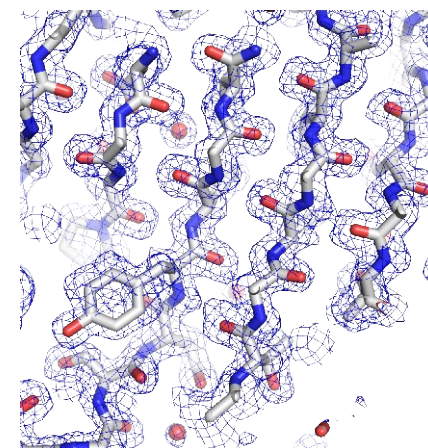
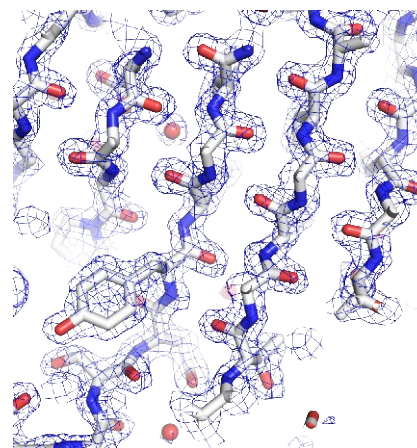
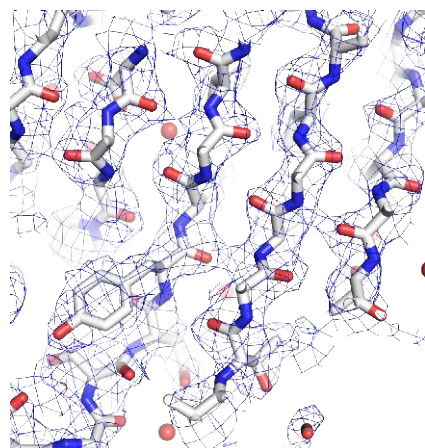
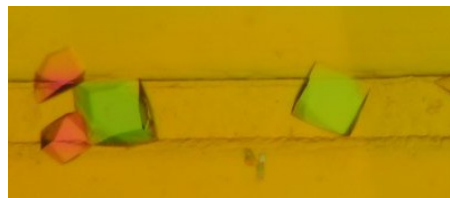
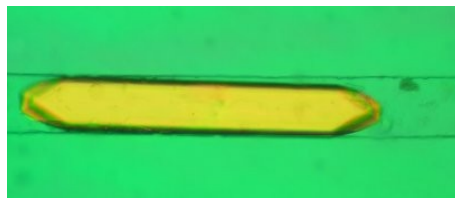
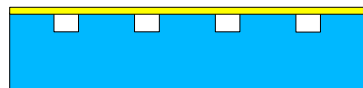
# When matter matters...



## Data collection (~25°C)

Chip	PDMS	PMMA	COC
Nb of images	20	20 + 20	100
Distance	300 mm	300 mm	250 mm
Oscillation	2°, 180 sec	1°, 30 sec	0.5°, 20 sec
Resolution range	2.8 – 20 Å	1.85 – 20 Å	1.65 – 20 Å
Mosaicity	0.09°	0.07°	0.07°
Completeness	84.2 % (87.3 %)	95.9% (86.5%)	91.4% (88.5 %)
Rsym	12.9 % (22.6 %)	5.7% (15.1%)	10.2% (47.8 %)
I/σ	9.0 (5.3)	13.4 (4.9)	8.9 (2.2)

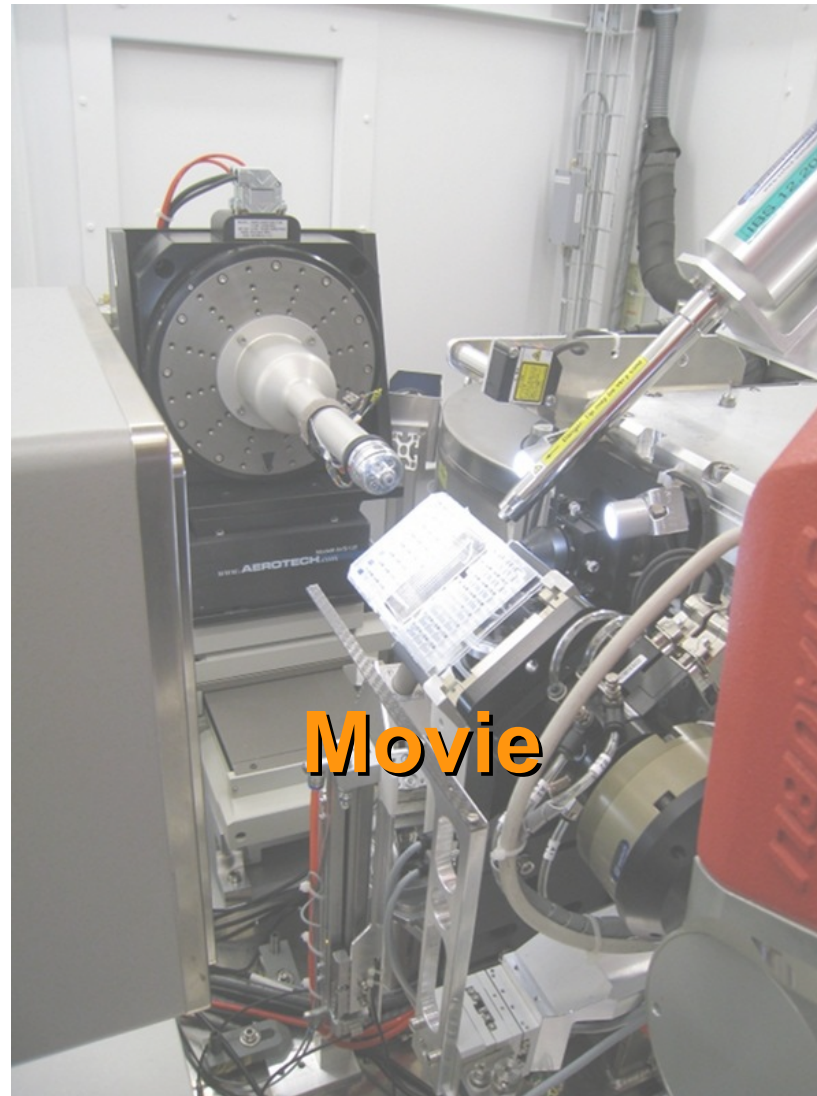
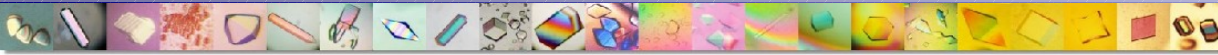
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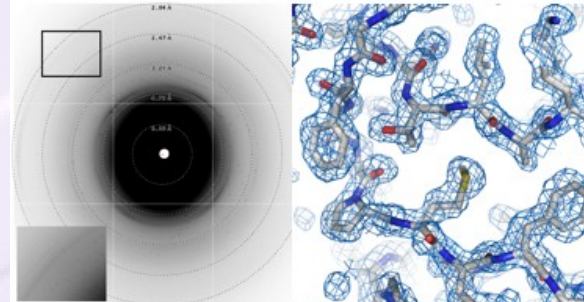
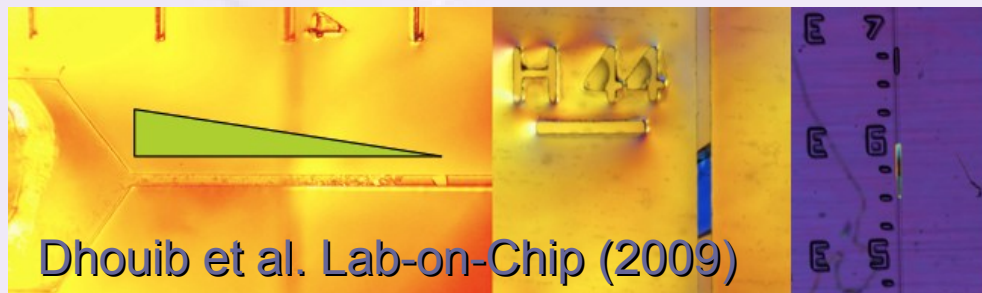
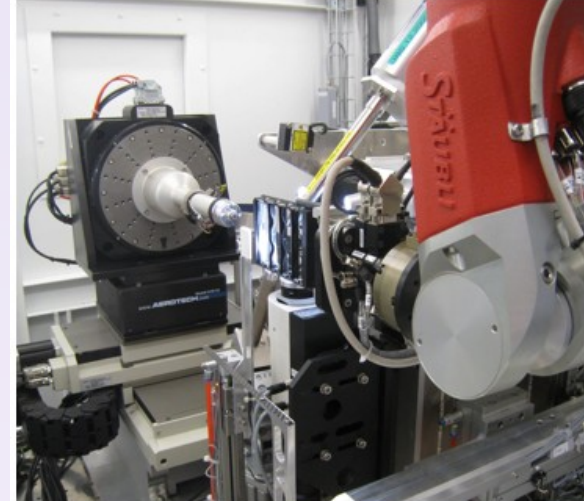
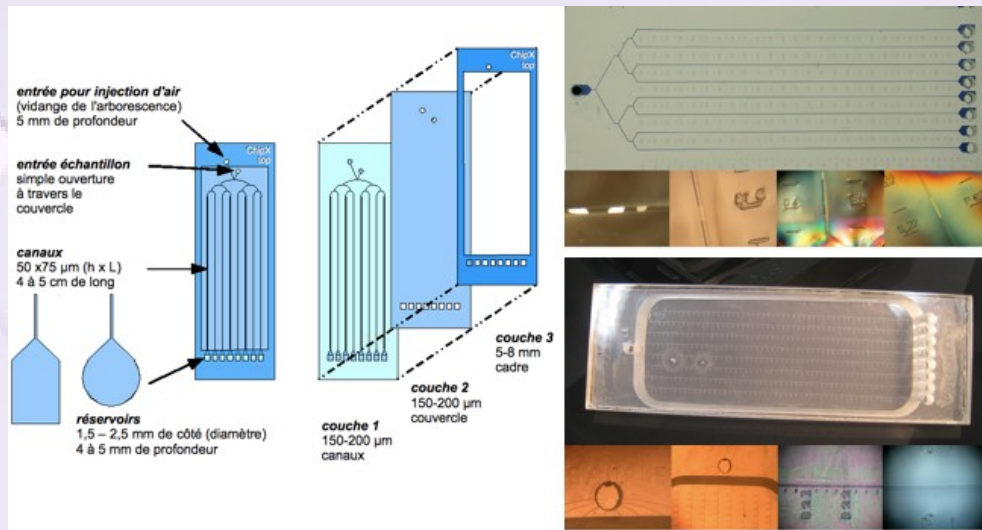
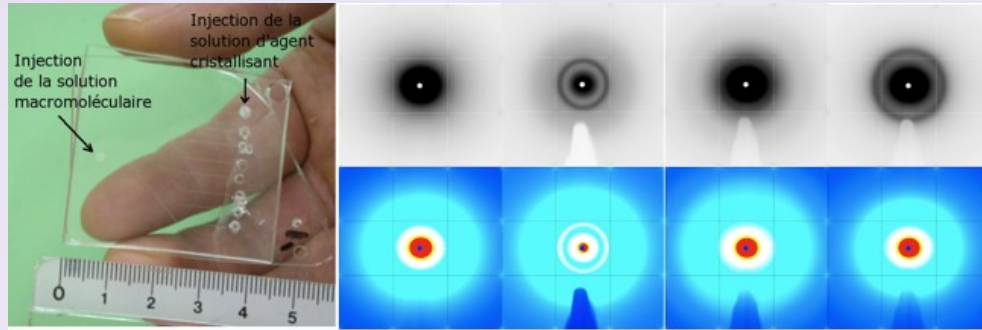
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# Towards 'on chip' diffraction analysis



# ChipX in brief



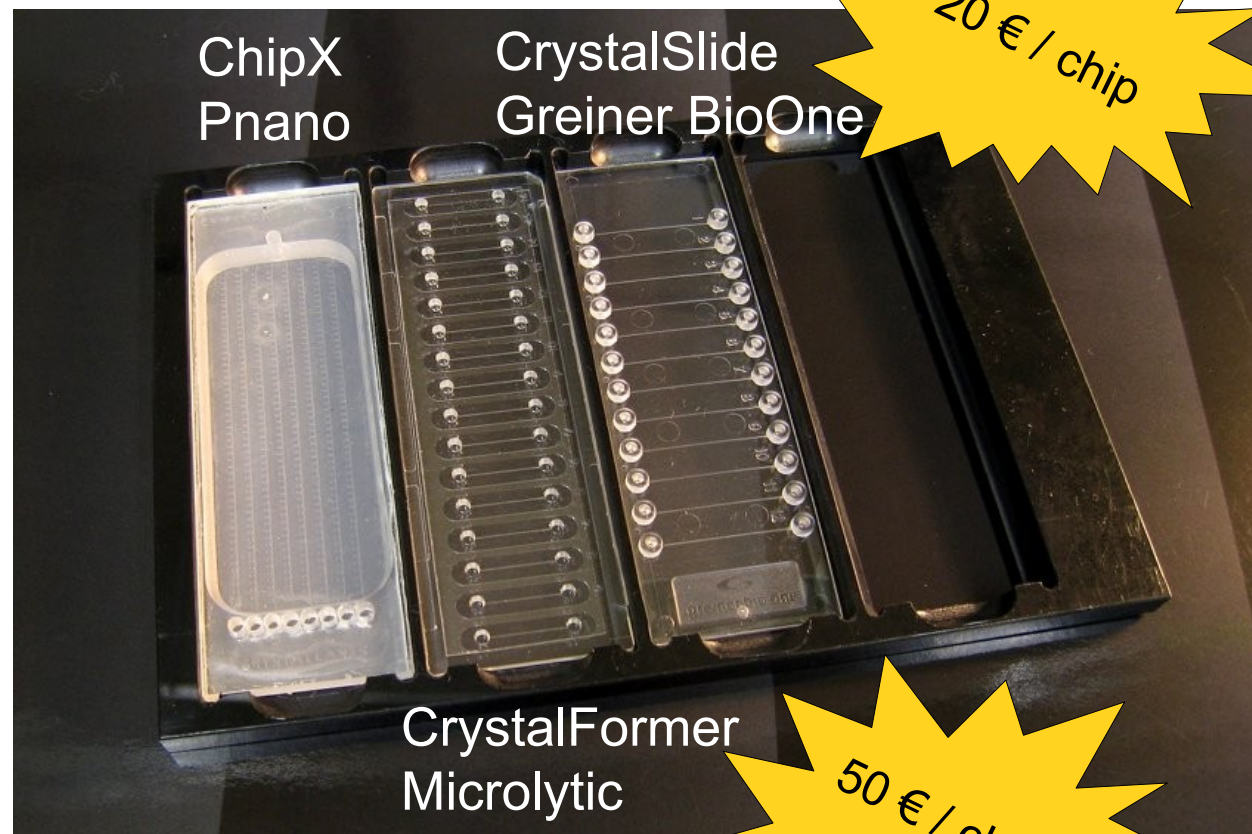
# ChipX in brief

- ✓ Efficient miniaturization of counter-diffusion
- ✓ No scale-up issue
- ✓ Excellent optical properties
- ✓ X-ray analysis on chip
  - = intrinsic crystal quality
- ✓ Low cost chip = no longer a dream!!!
- ✓ LOC concept
  - = from the sample to its 3D structure

# Perspectives for 'on chip' crystallography



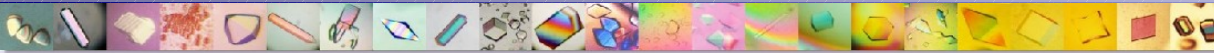
- ✓ Automation of chip setup and of crystal analysis
- ✓ HTP screening => structural genomics



Ng et al. Acta Cryst D (2008)  
Stojanoff et al. Acta Cryst. F (2011)

Dr. ... on-Chip (2009)

# Microfluidics and crystallization...



- ✓ Microfluidic chips for batch, dialysis, CD, FID, vapor diffusion...
- ✓ HTP screening and crystallogenesis applications
- ✓ The field is moving fast, prices are decreasing...
- ✓ Possible coupling with diagnostic tools: video, DLS, interferometry, UV imaging...
- ✓ In a near future:  
from purification to X-ray diffraction?!?





**Thank you !**