



Random microseeding: a theoretical and practical exploration of seed stability and seeding techniques for successful protein crystallization

Patrick Shaw Stewart

Douglas Instruments Limited (near Oxford, UK):

Peter Baldock, Patrick Shaw Stewart, Richard Briggs, Stefan Kolek

random Microseed Matrix-Screening



D'Arcy et al. Acta Cryst. (2007). D63. 'An automated microseed matrix-screening method for protein crystallization'

1. Add seed crystals to a random screen
2. Suspend crushed crystals in the reservoir solution that gave the hits used ("hit solution")
3. Automate!

To get:

(1) more hits

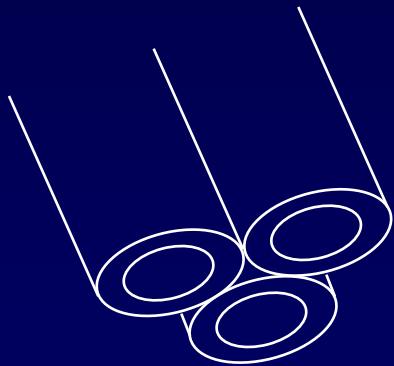
(2) better crystals



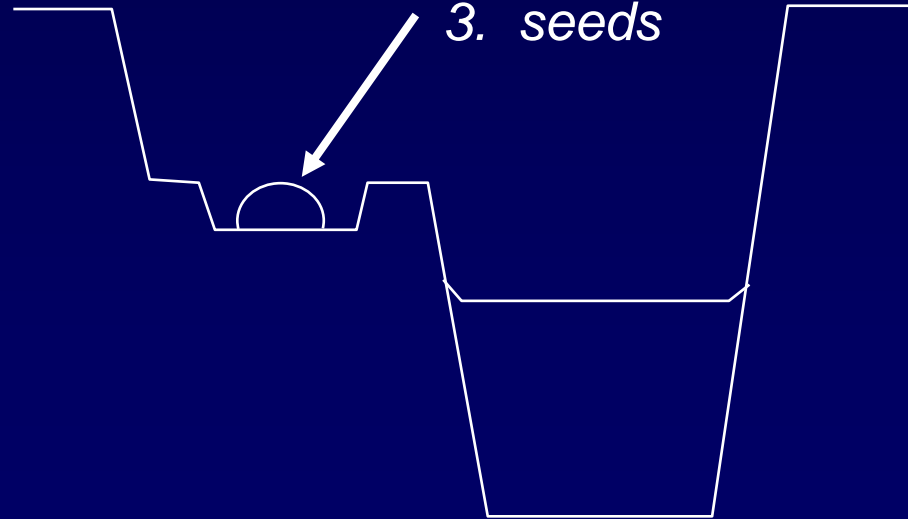
Microseeding in *screening* experiments

Allan D'Arcy
Novartis, Basle
2006 'Matrix-seeding script'

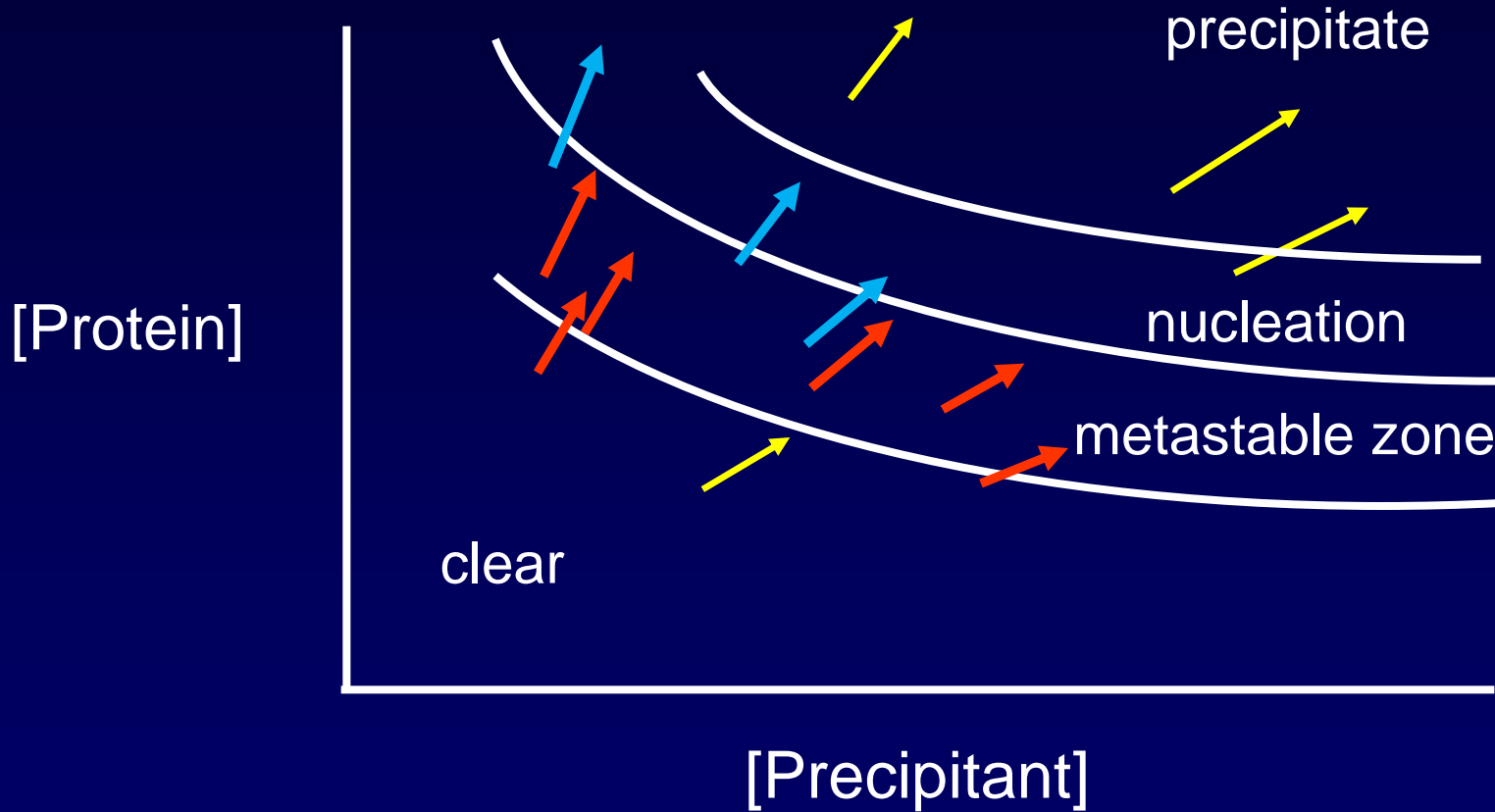
3-bore tip



1. protein
2. reservoir solution
3. seeds



Phase diagram of a protein





rMMS with membrane proteins

Crystals of membrane proteins are often unstable

Remember that the reservoir normally has no detergent!

Harvest several large drops *without dilution*

1.5 microlitres are enough!

MPL (Diamond Light Source) / Douglas Instruments: 2 of 5 projects worked very well



If you want to know more:

Patrick D. Shaw Stewart, Stefan A. Kolek, Richard A. Briggs, Naomi E. Chayen and Peter F.M. Baldock. 'Getting the most out of the random microseed matrix-screening method in protein crystallization'.

Cryst. Growth Des., 2011, 11 (8), p3432.

On-line at <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/cg2001442>

Microseeding



Opticryst – a consortium of European institutions and companies aiming to improve crystal optimization. 2007 – 2010.

Microseeding



Opticryst – a consortium of European institutions and companies aiming to improve crystal optimization. 2007 – 2010.

We decided to look into microseeding, especially the stability of seeds.

Microseeding



Opticryst – a consortium of European institutions and companies aiming to improve crystal optimization. 2007 – 2010.



Microseeding



Opticryst – a consortium of European institutions and companies aiming to improve crystal optimization. 2007 – 2010.

Stefan set up 30,000 drops and estimated the number of crystals
In 15,000 drops!



random Microseed Matrix-Screening



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Protein	Source	Concentration
Glucose Isomerase	Hampton Research	33 mg/ml
Hemoglobin	Sigma Aldrich	60 mg/ml
Thaumatococcus	Sigma Aldrich	30 mg/ml
Thermolysin	Sigma Aldrich	15 mg/ml
Trypsin	Sigma Aldrich	30 mg/ml
Xylanase	Macro Crystal	36 mg/ml



“Receptive” conditions

Conditions where:

- (1) crystals don't grow without seeds in four drops, but*
- (2) crystals grow in at least three out of four drops with seeds.*



“Receptive” conditions

Conditions where:

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- (2) crystals grow in at least three out of four drops with seeds.*

25 receptive conditions were found

1	Glucose Isomerase	JCSG+	2-2	2 M (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 0.2 M NaCl, 0.1 M Na MES, PH 6.5
2	Glucose Isomerase	JCSG+	2-43	25%(w/v) PEG 3350, 0.2 M (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 0.1 M bis-tris
3	Hemoglobin	JCSG+	2-25	30%(w/v) Jeffamine ED-2001, 0.1 M Na HEPES, PH 7.0
4	Hemoglobin	JCSG+	2-33	30%(w/v) PEG 2000 MME, K thiocyanate
5	Hemoglobin	JCSG+	2-34	30%(w/v) PEG 2000 MME, K bromide
6	Hemoglobin	JCSG+	2-44	25%(w/v) PEG 3350, 0.2 M NaCl, 0.1 M bis-tris, PH 5.5
7	Thaumatococcus	Structure screen 1	7	30%(w/v) PEG 4K, 0.2 M ammonium acetate, 0.1M Na citrate, PH 5.6
8	Thaumatococcus	Structure screen 1	9	20%(v/v) IPA, 20%(w/v) PEG 4K, 0.1 M Na citrate, PH 5.6
9	Thaumatococcus	Structure screen 1	14	30%(w/v) PEG 8K, 0.2 M (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 0.1 M Na cacodylate, PH 6.5
10	Thaumatococcus	Structure screen 1	15	20%(w/v) PEG 8K, 0.2M magnesium acetate, 0.1 M Na cacodylate, PH6.5
11	Thaumatococcus	Structure screen 1	32	2 M (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 0.1 M tris, PH 8.5
12	Thaumatococcus	Jena Bioscience Membrane screen3	D5	1.5 M Li ₂ SO ₄ , 0.1 M Na HEPES, PH 7.5
13	Thermolysin	JCSG+ (2:1 water)	1-2	20%(w/v) PEG 3K, 0.1 M Na citrate, PH 5.5
14	Thermolysin	JCSG+ (2:1 water)	1-21	20%(w/v) PEG 6k, 0.1 M citric acid, PH 5.0
15	Thermolysin	JCSG+ (2:1 water)	2-18	10%(v/v) MPD, 0.1 M bicine, PH 9.0
16	Thermolysin	JCSG+ (2:1 water)	2-19	0.8 M succinic acid, PH 7.0
17	Thermolysin	JCSG+ (2:1 water)	2-21	2.4 M Na malonate, PH 7.0
18	Thermolysin	JCSG+ (2:1 water)	2-22	0.5%(w/v) Jeffamine ED-2001, 1.1 M Na malonate, 0.1 M Na HEPES, PH 7.0
19	Trypsin	Jena Bioscience Membrane screen3	D3	1.5 M NaCl, 0.1M Na acetate, PH 4.6
20	Trypsin	Jena Bioscience Membrane screen3	D3	1.5 M NaCl, 0.1M Na acetate, PH 4.6
21	Trypsin	Jena Bioscience Membrane screen3	D6	2 M NaCl, 0.1 M Na citrate
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23	Xylanase	Structure screen 1	32	2 M (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 0.1 M tris, PH 8.5
24	Xylanase	Structure screen 1	37	30%(w/v) PEG 4K, 0.2 M Na acetate, 0.1 M tris, PH 8.5
25	Xylanase	Structure screen 1	45	4 M Na formate
26	Xylanase	Jena Bioscience Membrane screen3	B5	3.5 M (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 0.25M NaCl, 50mM Na/K phosphate, PH 7.5
27	Xylanase	Jena Bioscience Membrane screen3	D4	1.5 M K phosphate, PH 7.0

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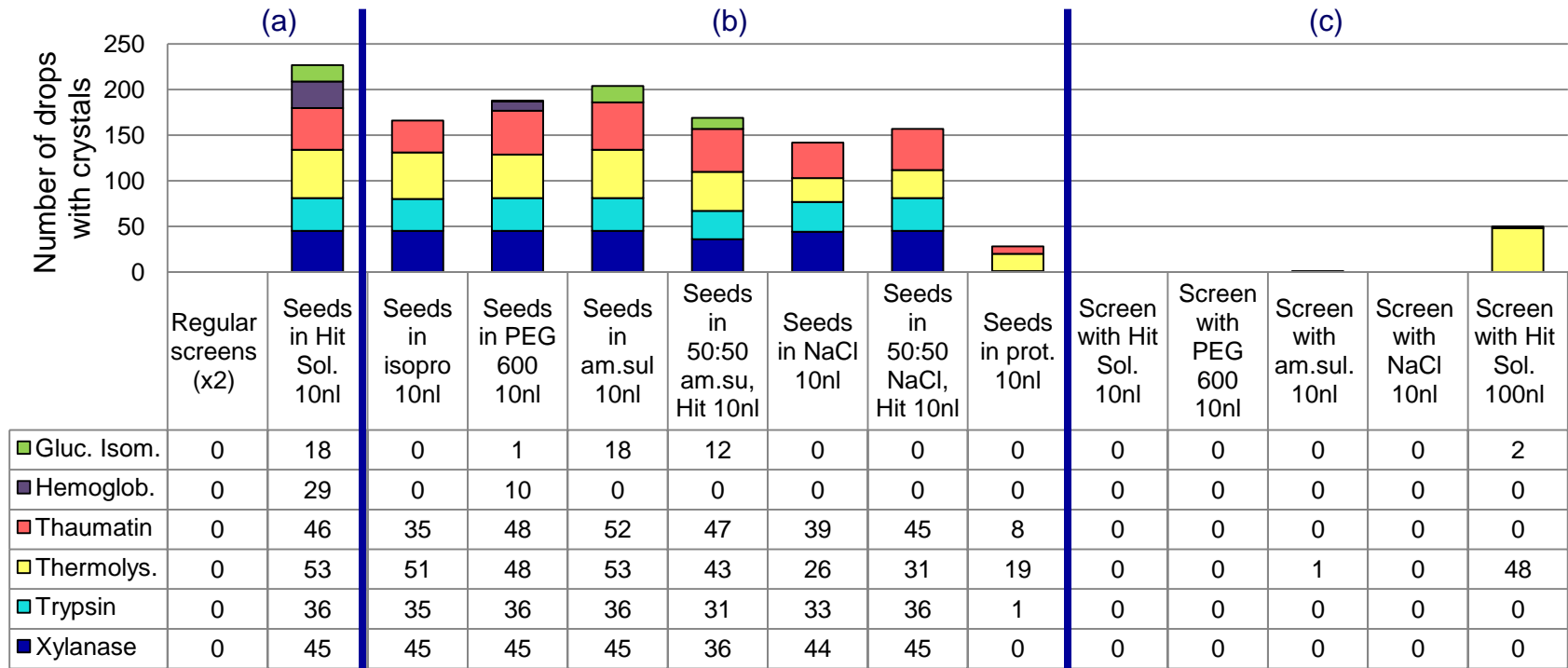
“Hit
Solution”

Do any other precipitants work better than the Hit Solution for suspending seed crystals?





Focusing on "pregnant" conditions

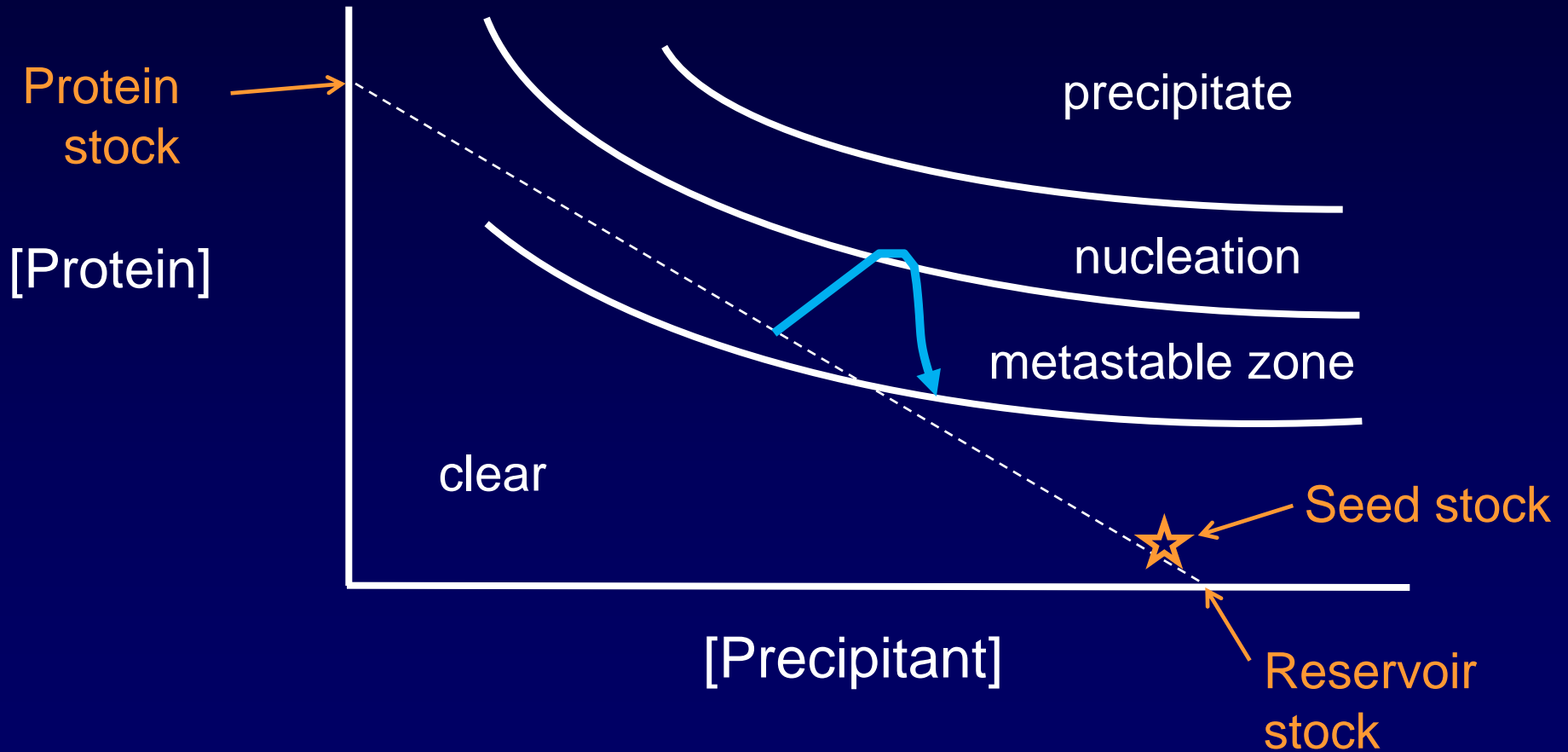


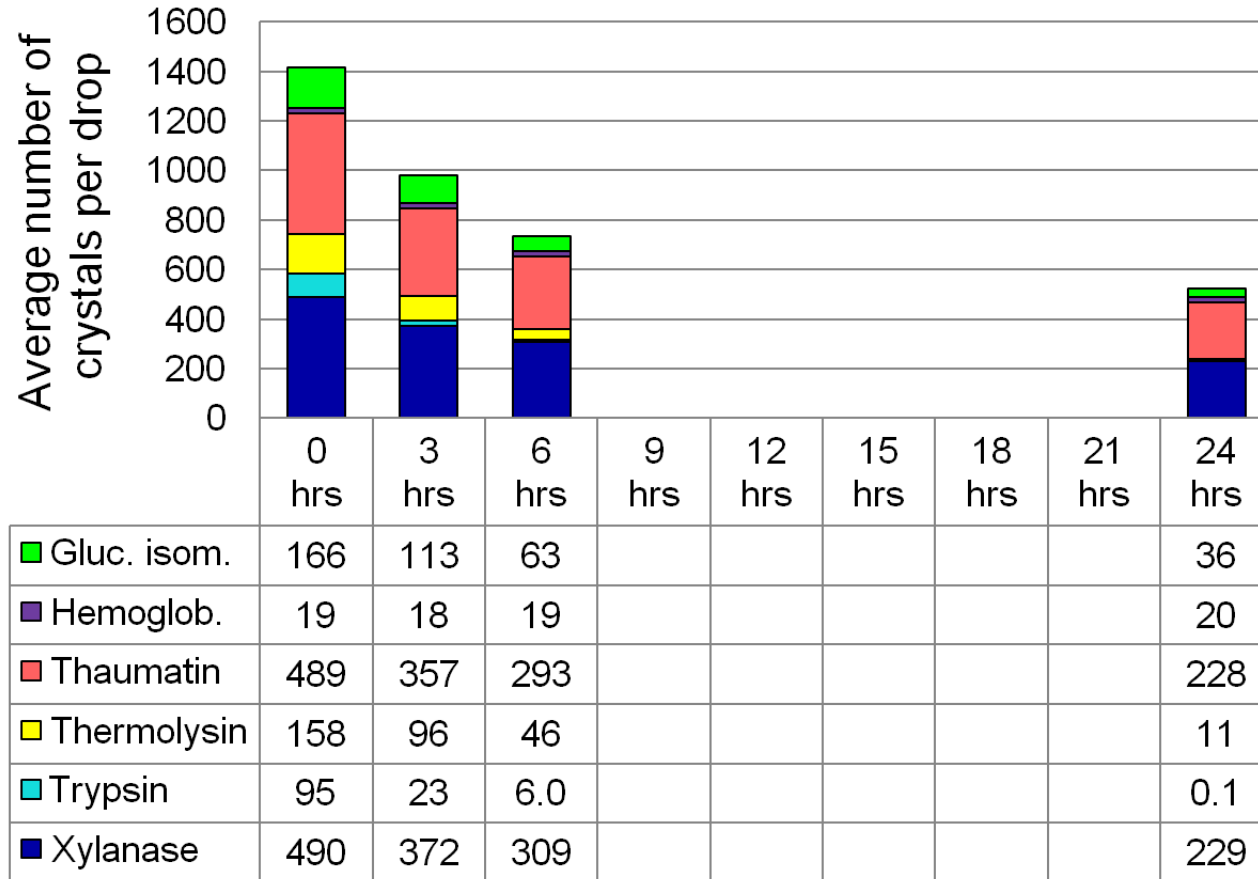
random Microseed Matrix-Screening



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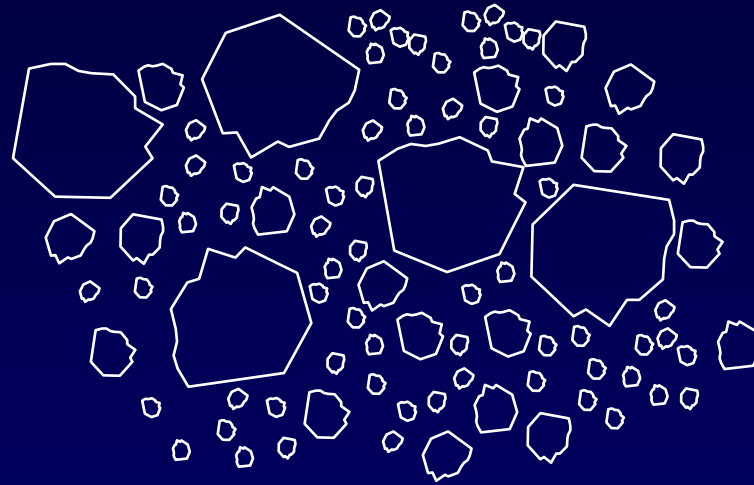
Phase diagram of a protein







Our interpretation: there is a wide range of crystal particle sizes



We believe that people are losing seed crystals but don't realize it

random Microseed Matrix-Screening



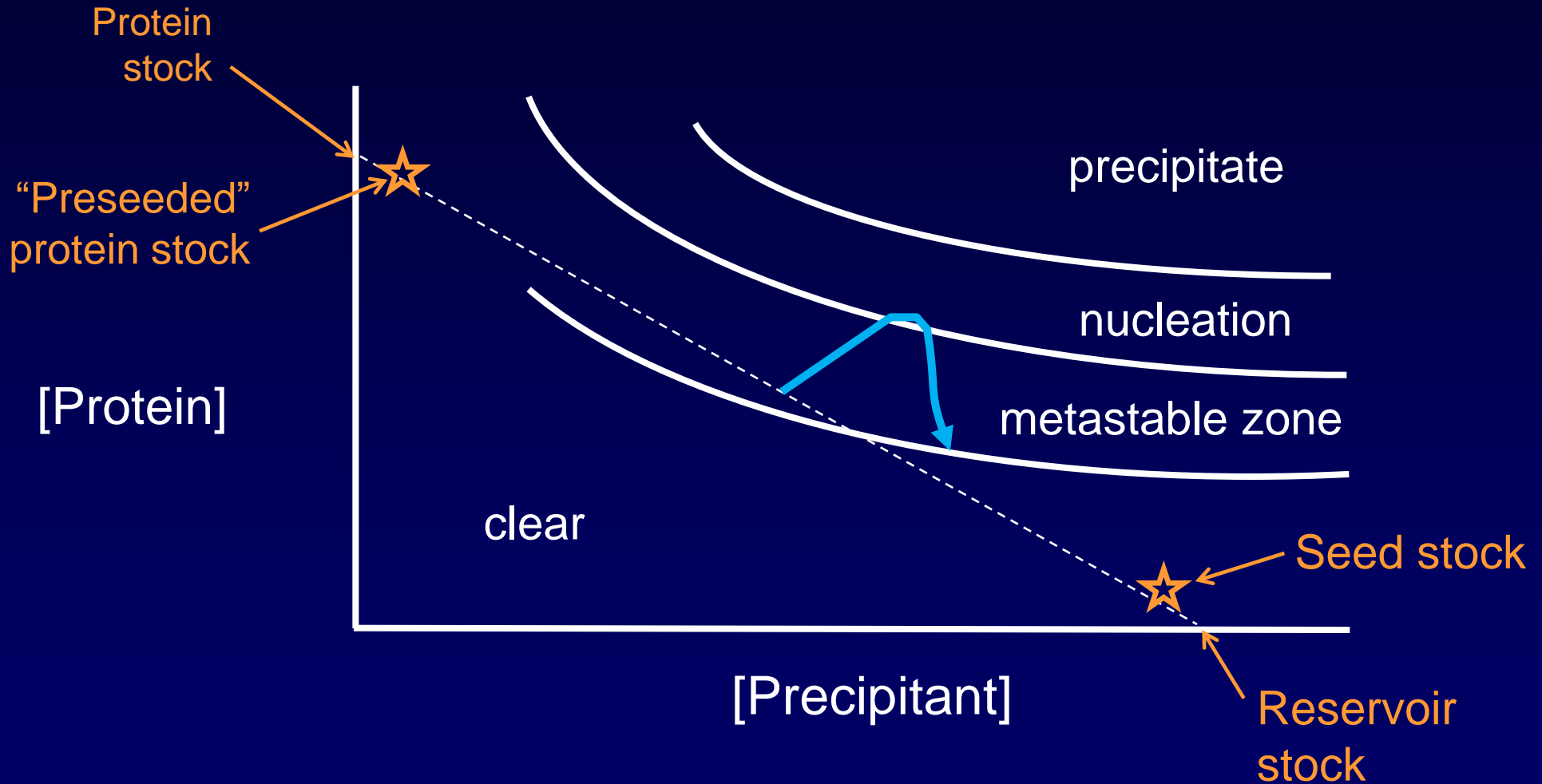
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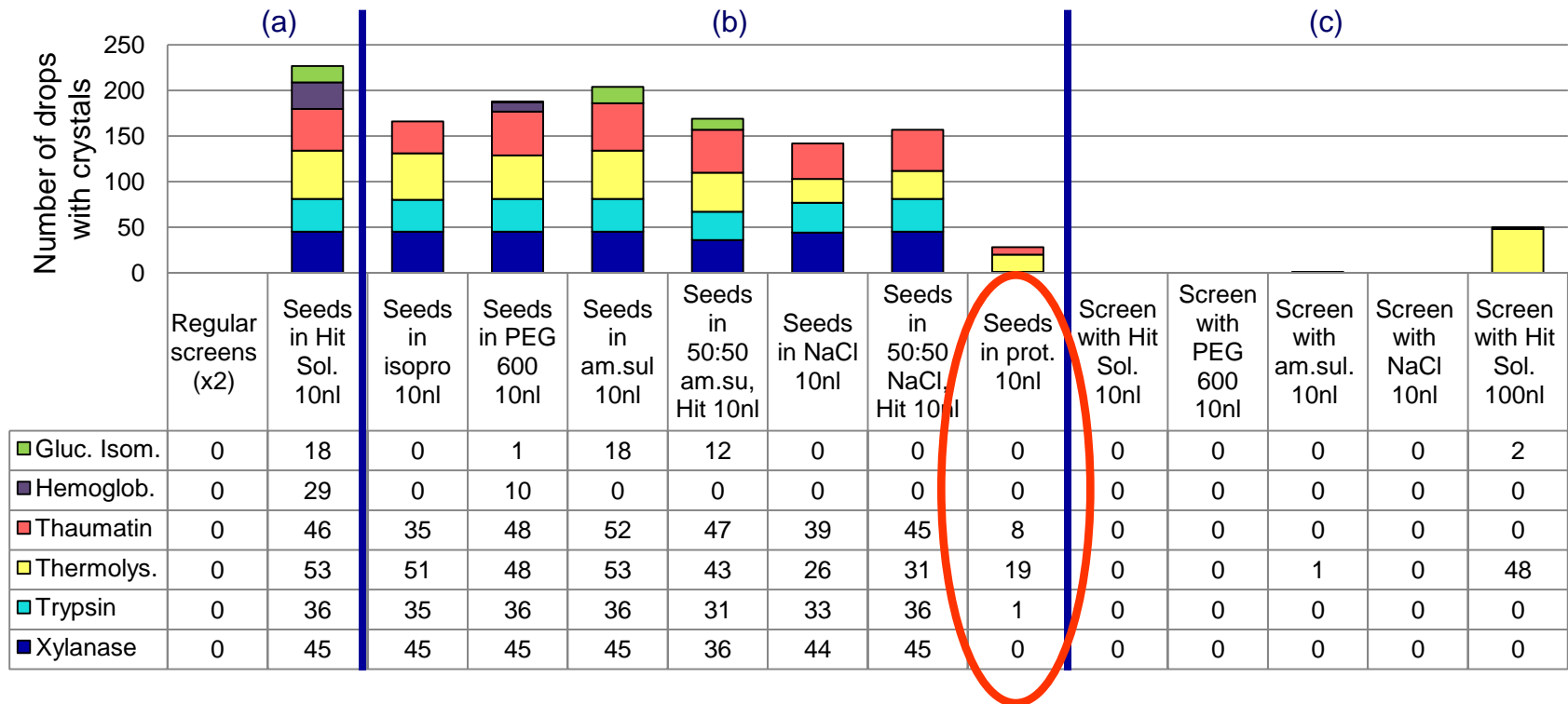
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Phase diagram of a protein





Preseeding the protein



random Microseed Matrix-Screening



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random Microseed Matrix-Screening



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Why would you want to avoid the Hit Solution?

1. To avoid salt crystals

Sulfate + Ca^{2+} = gypsum (plaster-of-Paris)

Phosphate + Mg^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , or Cd^{2+} = salt crystals

Matrix seeding volumes:

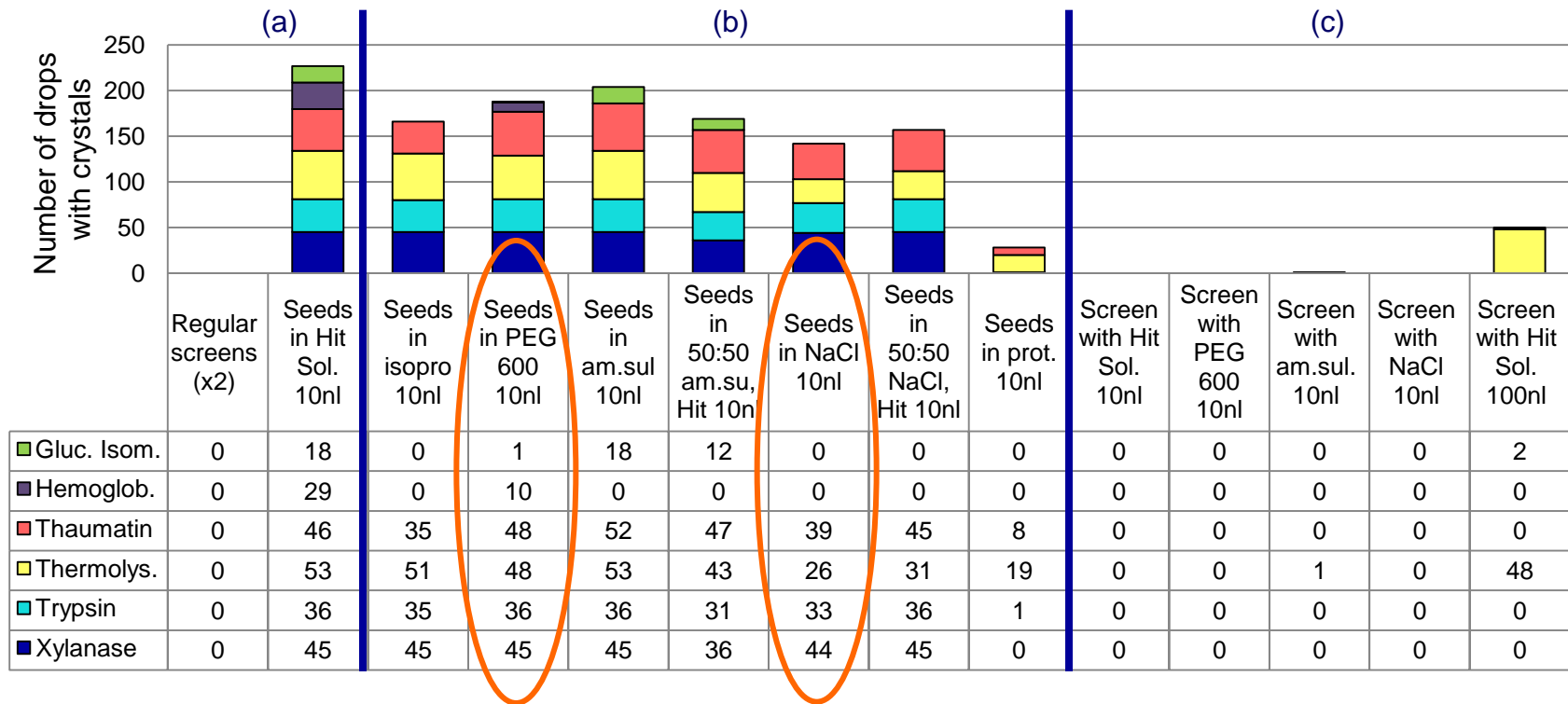
0.3 μl protein

+ 0.2 μl reservoir solution

+ 0.1 μl seed stock



What can we replace the Hit Solution with?



random Microseed Matrix-Screening



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Why would you want to avoid the Hit Solution?

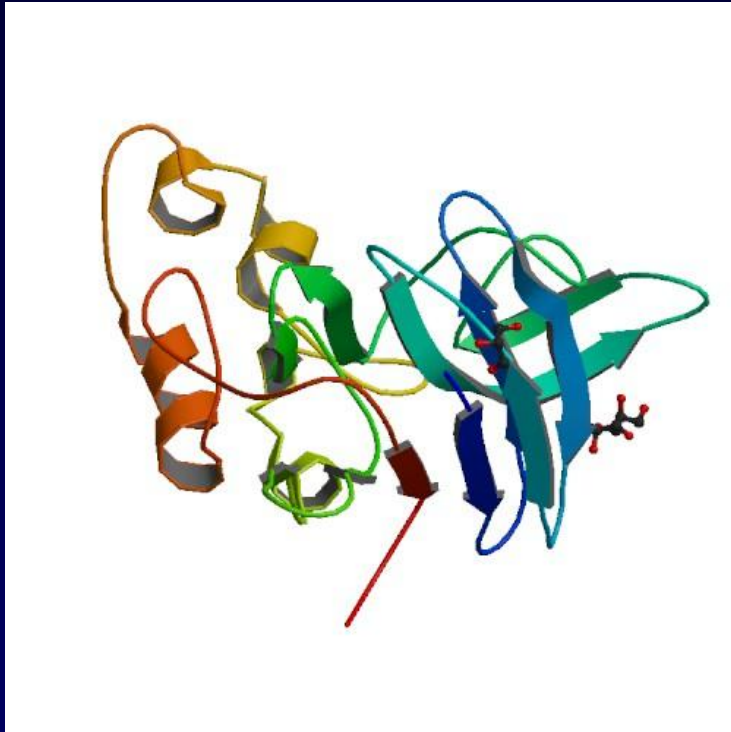
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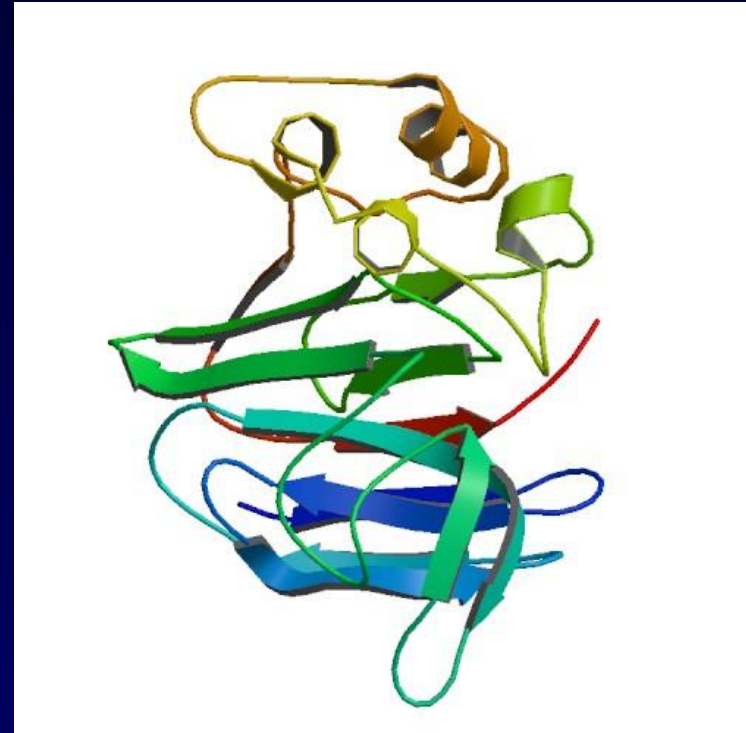
Phosphate + Mg^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , or Cd^{2+} = salt crystals

2. To avoid the additive effect, thereby increasing the diversity of crystals

Increasing the diversity of crystals



PDB code 2VU6: thaumatin with tartrate.
 $P4_12_12$ bipyramid crystal form.



Thaumatin crystallized in the absence of tartrate. $P6_1$ hexagonal crystal form.

random Microseed Matrix-Screening



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Phosphate + Mg^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , or Cd^{2+} = salt crystals

2. To avoid the additive effect, thereby increasing the diversity of crystals

3. For crystallizing complexes, including heavy atom, small molecule and peptide derivatives

Suggested by Lesley Haire

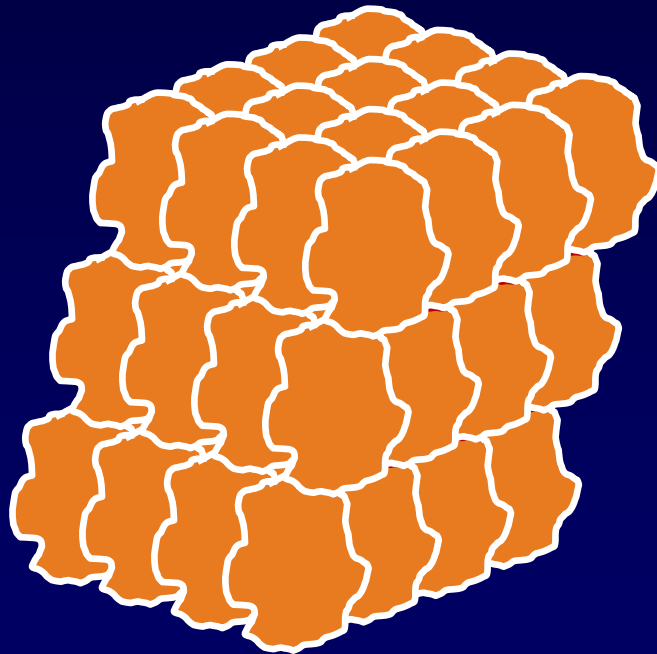


Douglas Instruments



Cross-seeding

A natural approach, especially when you are adding something small e.g. a peptide



Uncomplexed
protein crystals

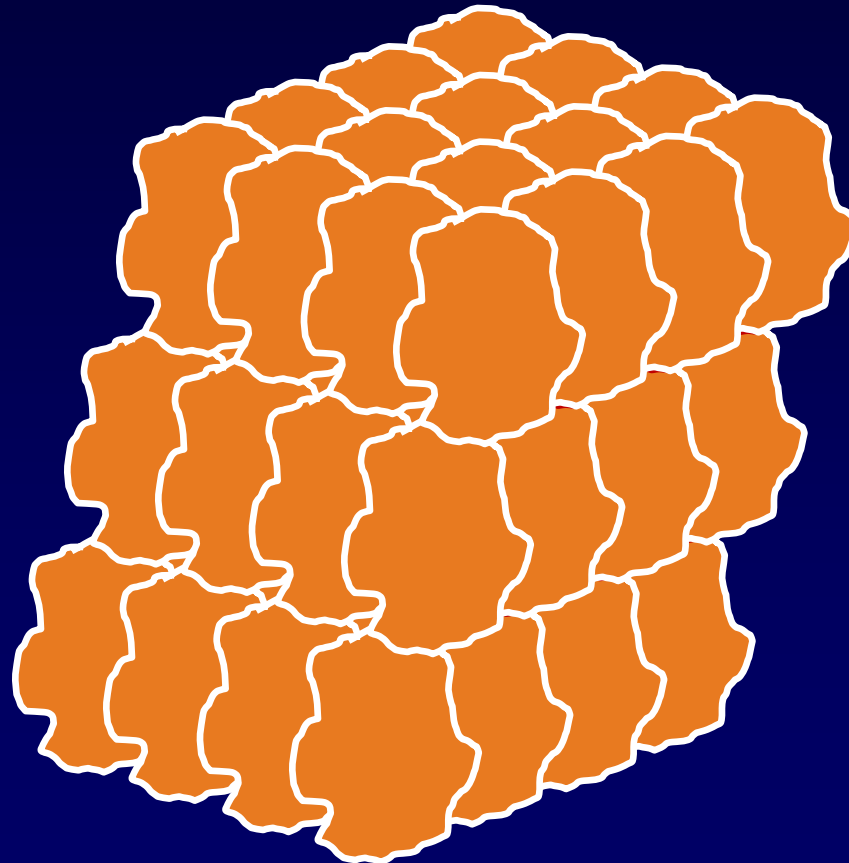


Complex



Cross-seeding

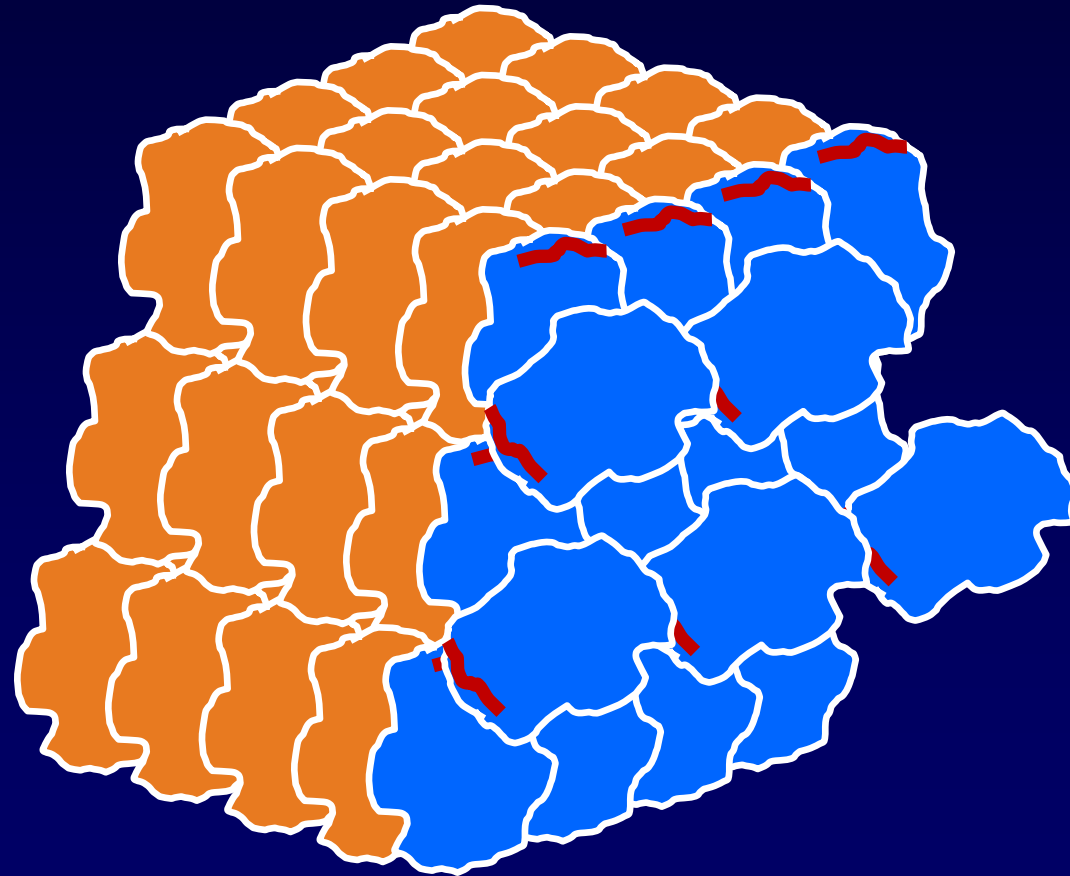
You don't have to match the unit cell, only one of the structural planes of the crystals





Cross-seeding

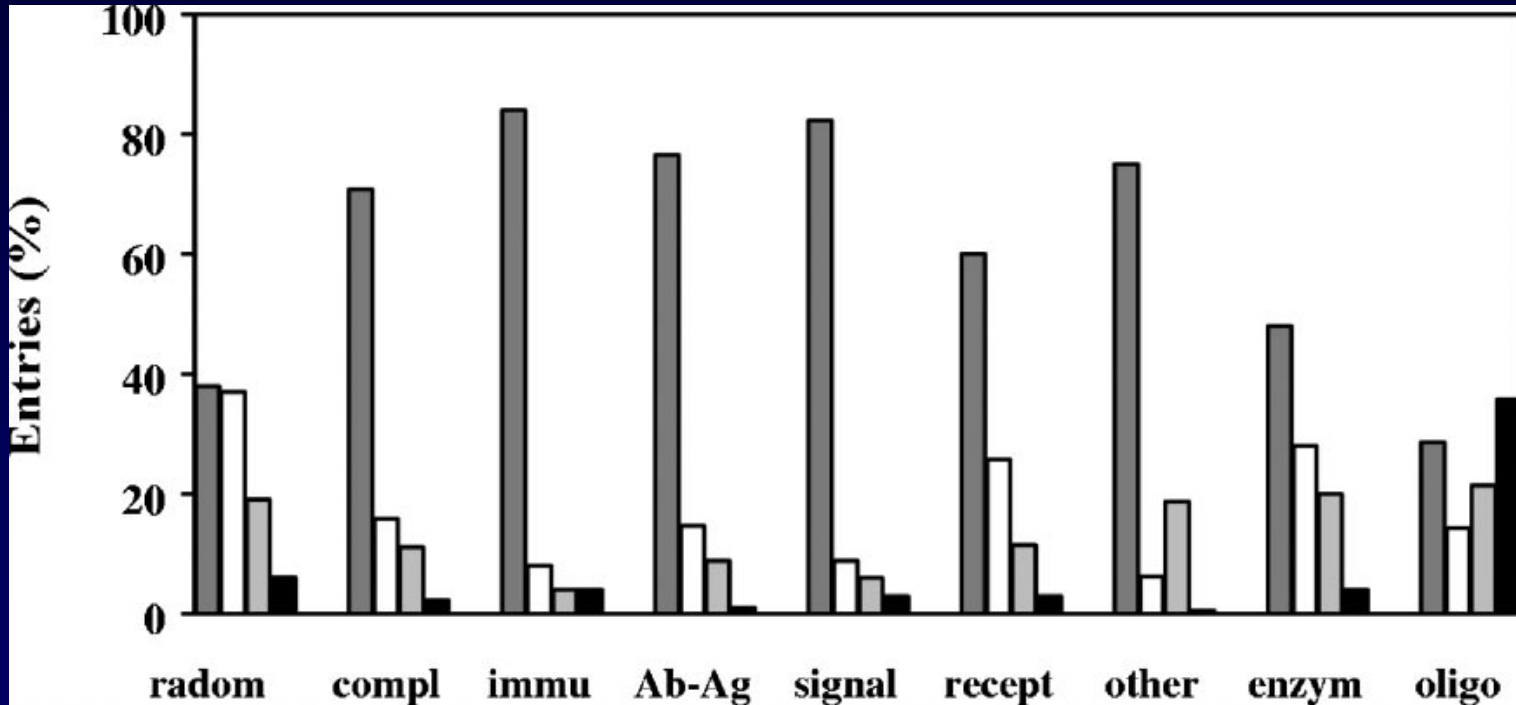
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Crystallizing complexes



Radaev and Sun. Crystallization of protein-protein complexes.
J. Appl. Cryst. (2002). 35, 674-676

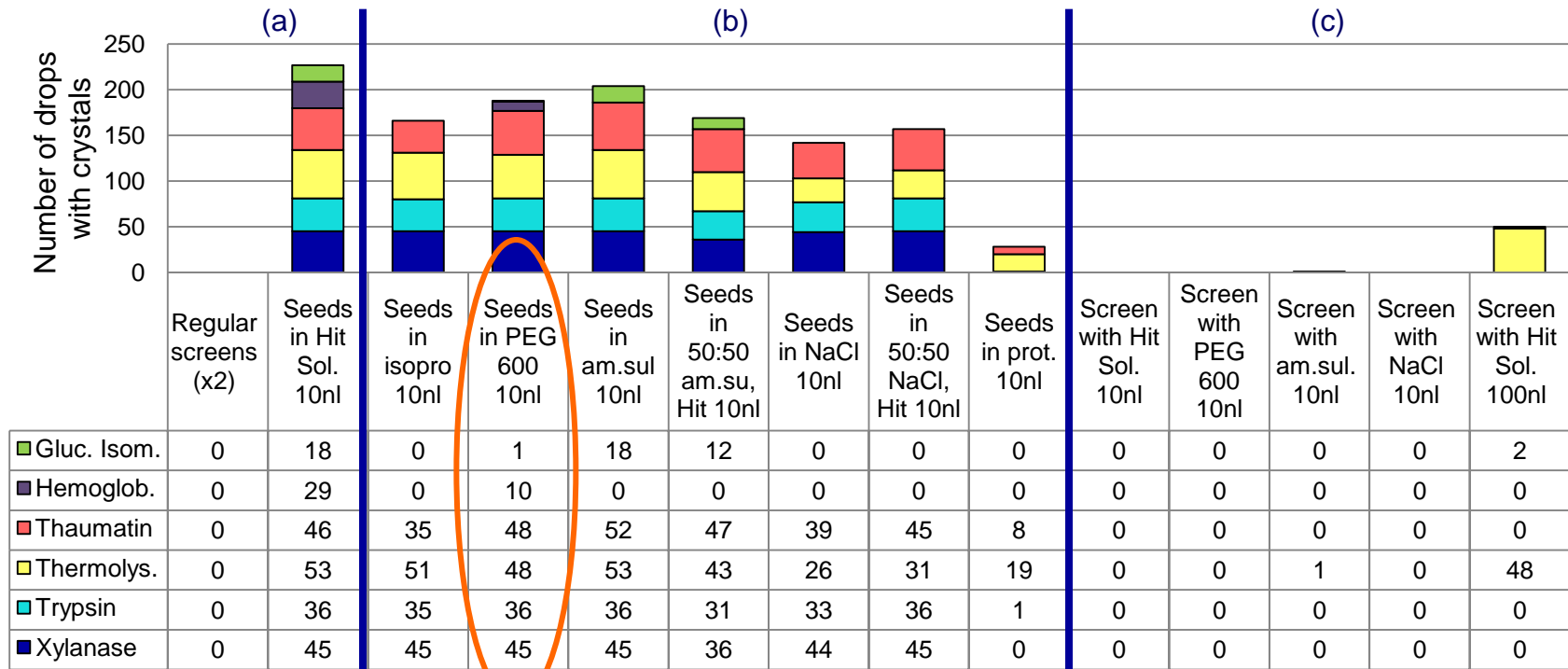


- PEG / (NH₄)₂SO₄ / other salts / organic solvents (including 2-propanol, MPD, ethanol)

Random samples, all protein-protein complexes included in this survey, immune complexes, antibody-antigen complexes, signal transduction complexes, receptor and ligand complexes, miscellaneous protein-protein complexes, enzyme related complexes, oligomeric protein complexes



What can we replace the Hit Solution with?



Try to find a solution that both the seed crystals *and* the complex are stable in



Investigate stability of complex with isothermal calorimetry, fluorescence anisotropy, thermal shift assay etc.

Test stability of seed crystals by incubation of uncrushed crystals in the suggested solution for 1 day

random Microseed Matrix-Screening



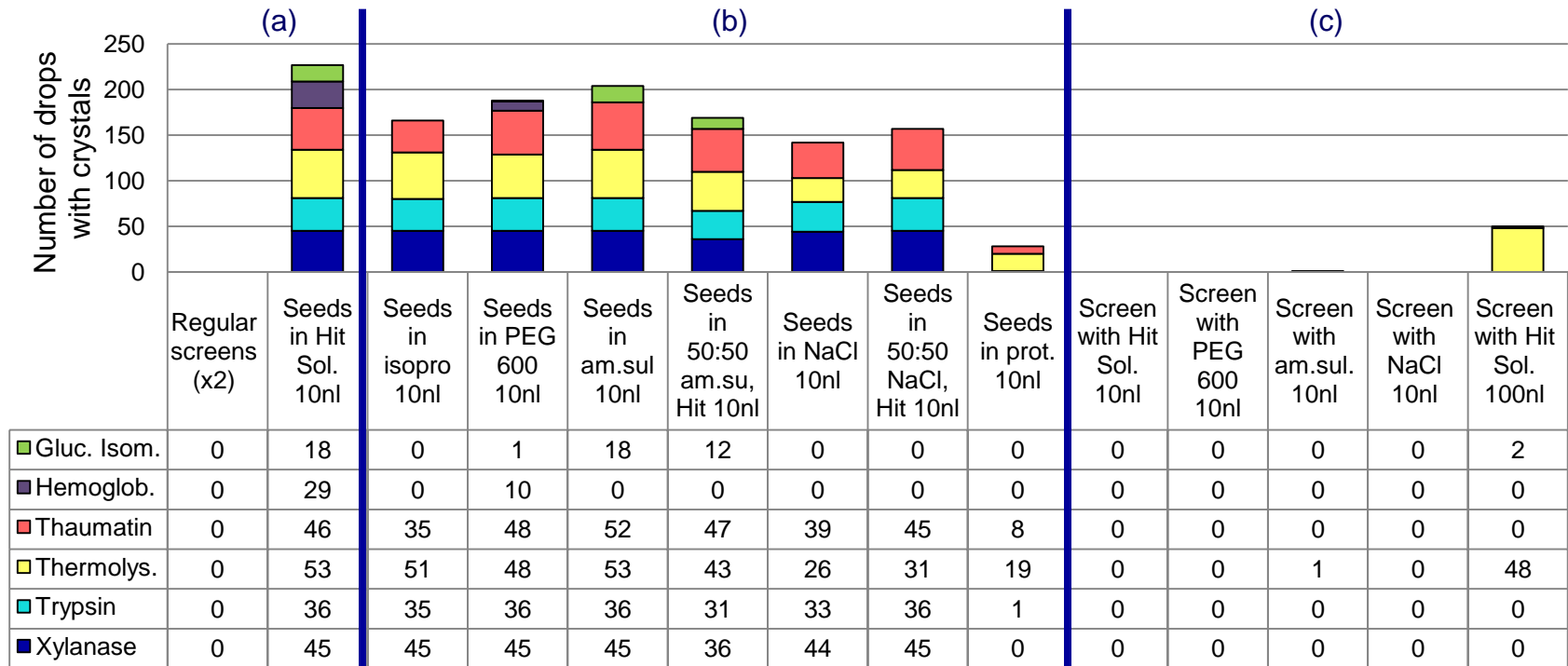
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<i>(6) How can we stabilize protein complexes, including heavy atom, small molecule and peptide derivatives ?</i>	<i>Avoid high salt in your seed stock; remove ingredients</i>
<i>(7) Can we harvest seed crystals from microfluidic devices?</i>	
<i>(8) What can you do if you have no crystals?</i>	

Can we predict which solutions the seed crystals will be stable in?





Focusing on “pregnant” conditions



Appearance of crystals after incubation for one day



Protein	Crystals in Hit Sol.	Crystals in Isopropanol	Crystals in PEG 600	Crystals in Amm.sul.	Crystals in NaCl	Crystals in protein stock
Gluc. Isom.	OK	Cracked	Shattered	Cracked	Dissolved	Dissolved
Hemoglobin	OK	Cracked	OK	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved
Thaumatin	OK	Cracked	OK	OK	OK	Grew
Thermolysin	OK	OK	Shattered	OK	Dissolved	Grew
Trypsin	OK	OK	Dissolved	OK	OK	Dissolved
Xylanase	OK	OK	Cracked	OK	OK	Dissolved

Appearance of crystals after incubation for one day

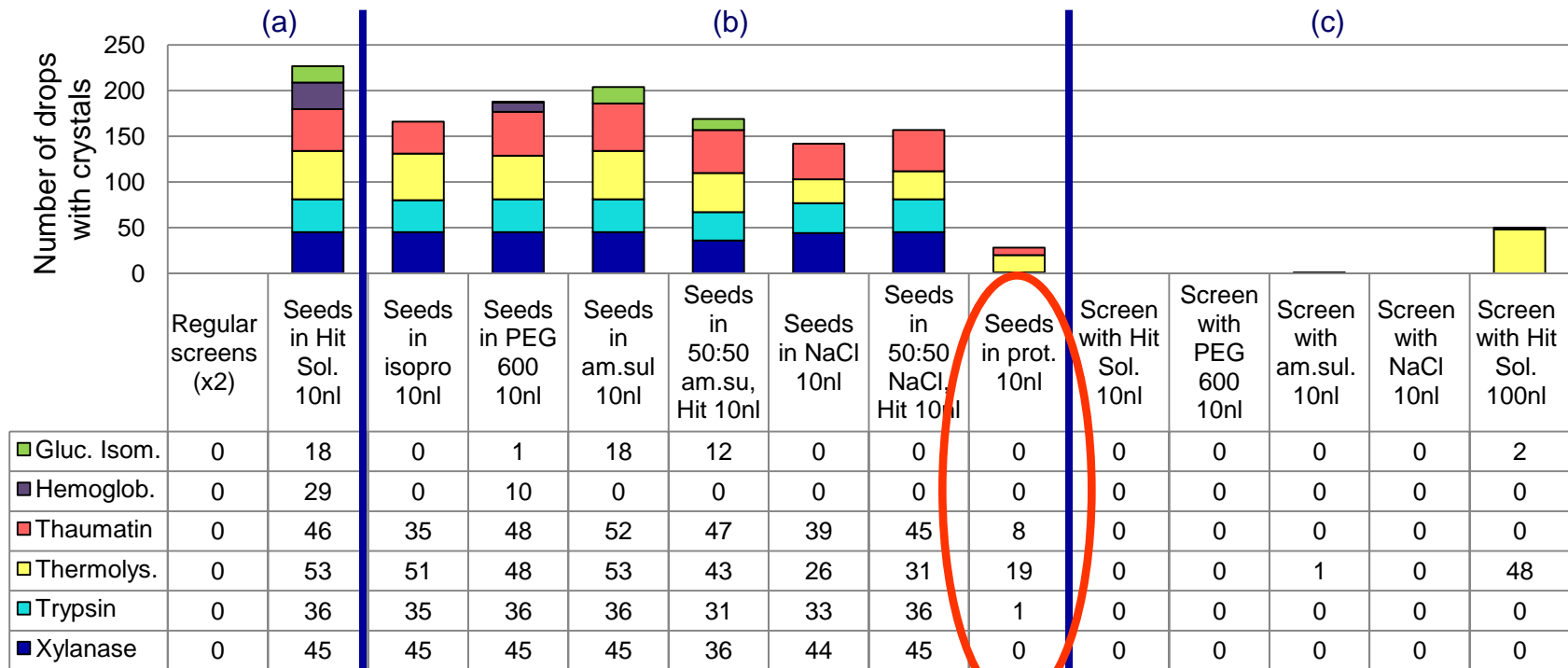


Protein	Crystals in Hit Sol.	Crystals in Isopropanol	Crystals in PEG 600	Crystals in Amm.sul.	Crystals in NaCl	Crystals in protein stock
Gluc. Isom.	OK	Cracked	Shattered	Cracked	Dissolved	Dissolved
Hemoglobin	OK	Cracked	OK	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved
Thaumatin	OK	Cracked	OK	OK	OK	Grew
Thermolysin	OK	OK	Shattered	OK	Dissolved	Grew
Trypsin	OK	OK	Dissolved	OK	OK	Dissolved
Xylanase	OK	OK	Cracked	OK	OK	Dissolved

Glucose isomerase	JCSG+	2-43	25%(w/v) PEG 3350, 0.2 M (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ , 0.1 M bis-tris
Hemoglobin	JCSG+	2-33	30%(w/v) PEG 2000 MME, K thiocyanate



Preseeding the protein



Appearance of crystals after incubation for one day



Protein	Crystals in Hit Sol.	Crystals in Isopropanol	Crystals in PEG 600	Crystals in Amm.sul.	Crystals in NaCl	Crystals in protein stock
Gluc. Isom.	OK	Cracked	Shattered	Cracked	Dissolved	Dissolved
Hemoglobin	OK	Cracked	OK	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved
Thaumatin	OK	Cracked	OK	OK	OK	Grew
Thermolysin	OK	OK	Shattered	OK	Dissolved	Grew
Trypsin	OK	OK	Dissolved	OK	OK	Dissolved
Xylanase	OK	OK	Cracked	OK	OK	Dissolved

random Microseed Matrix-Screening



<u>Our questions:</u>	<u>Take-home practical suggestions:</u>
<i>(1) How can we get as many hits as possible?</i>	<i>Stick to the 'hit solution' for suspending seed crystals for routine rMMS</i>
<i>(2) How stable are the seed stocks?</i>	<i>Not completely stable so use your seed stock quickly, then freeze. Or cross-link.</i>
<i>(3) Is "preseeding" the protein stock helpful?</i>	<i>Not so good! (Better than nothing. It's free!)</i>
<i>(4) How can we avoid salt crystals?</i>	<i>Suspend the seed crystals in PEG or NaCl</i>
<i>(5) How can we get more diverse crystals?</i>	<i>Remove ingredients that you suspect may be interacting with your protein from the seed stock</i>
<i>(6) How can we stabilize protein complexes, including heavy atom, small molecule and peptide derivatives ?</i>	<i>Avoid high salt in your seed stock; remove ingredients</i>
<i>(7) Can we harvest seed crystals from microfluidic devices?</i>	
<i>(8) What can you do if you have no crystals?</i>	

random Microseed Matrix-Screening



<u>Our questions:</u>	<u>Take-home practical suggestions:</u>
(1) How can we get as many hits as possible?	Stick to the 'hit solution' for suspending seed crystals for routine rMMS
(2) How stable are the seed stocks?	Not completely stable so use your seed stock quickly, then freeze. Or cross-link.
(3) Is "preseeding" the protein stock helpful?	Not so good! (Better than nothing. It's free!)
(4) How can we avoid salt crystals?	Suspend the seed crystals in PEG or NaCl ... test by incubation for 1 day
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(6) How can we stabilize protein complexes, including heavy atom, small molecule and peptide derivatives ?	Avoid high salt in your seed stock; remove ingredients test by incubation for 1 day
(7) Can we harvest seed crystals from microfluidic devices?	
(8) What can you do if you have no crystals?	



rMMS with membrane proteins

Crystals of membrane proteins are often unstable

Remember that the reservoir normally has no detergent!

Harvest several large drops *without dilution*

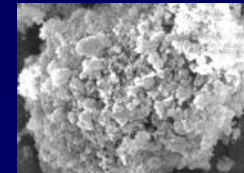
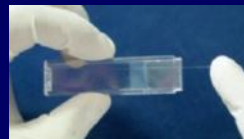
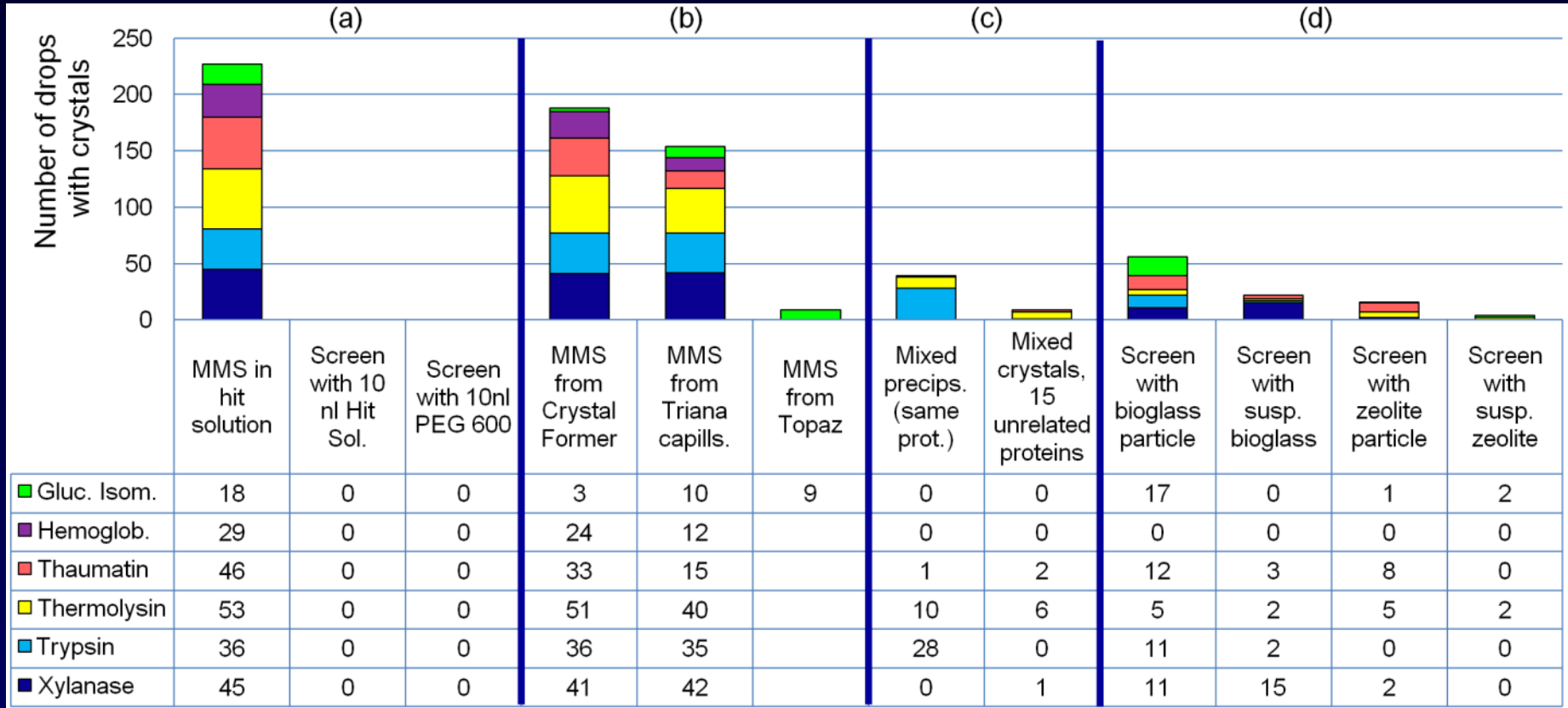
1.5 microlitres are enough!

MPL (Diamond Light Source) / Douglas Instruments: 2 of 5 projects worked very well

random Microseed Matrix-Screening



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Thank you for listening!



Douglas Instruments



Thank you for listening!

Shaw Stewart et al., Cryst. Growth Des., 2011, 11 (8), p3432.



Crosslinking seed crystals after crushing

Protein	Seeds in Hit Sol	Seeds in PEG 600	X-linked seeds in PEG, used immediately	X-linked seeds in PEG, 1wk 20°C	Seeds in NaCl	X-linked seeds in NaCl, used immediately	X-linked seeds in NaCl, 1wk 20°C
Gluc. isom.	18	1	9	9	0	9	9
Hemoglobin	10	10	7	0	0	0	0
Trypsin	36	36	36	13	33	36	25